

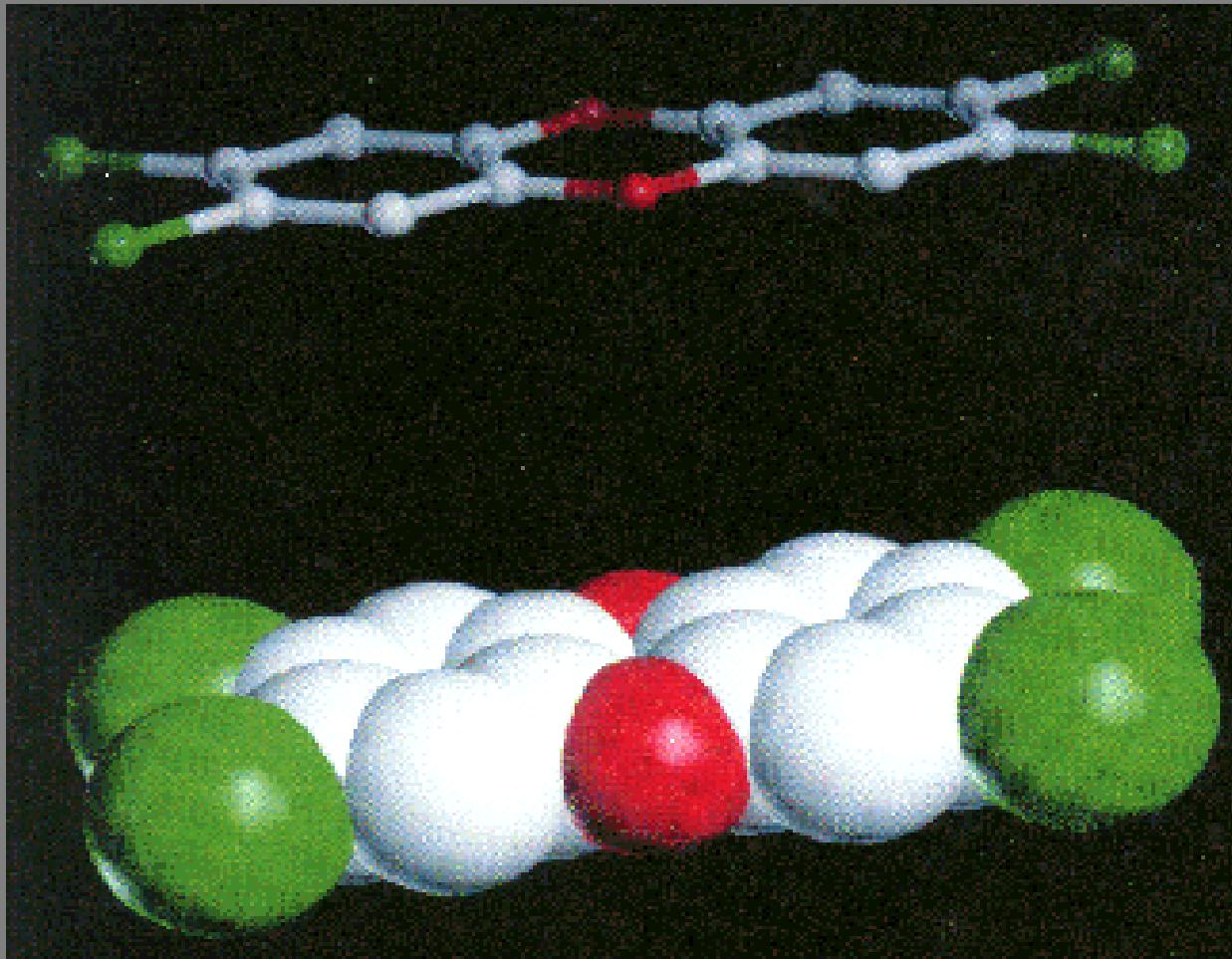
Improved Separation and Quantification of Dioxin and Furan Congeners Using an Application-Specific Capillary Gas Chromatographic Column and GC-HRMS

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Analysis of Dioxins and Furans



<http://dioxins-r-us.ucdavis.edu/TCDD>

History GC Analytical Methods

- All isomers/congeners can be separated from each other with a minimum of two columns (Ryan, J., 1991) and GC HRMS
- **Typically used:** 60-M GC column, 5% phenyl liquid phase, separates many congeners, but not with complete resolution

HOWEVER..

- Confirmation still required, generally with “high-cyano” liquid phases
 - ex. for 2,3,7,8-TCDF Method 1613 suggests a 225-phase

Dioxin and Furan Analysis

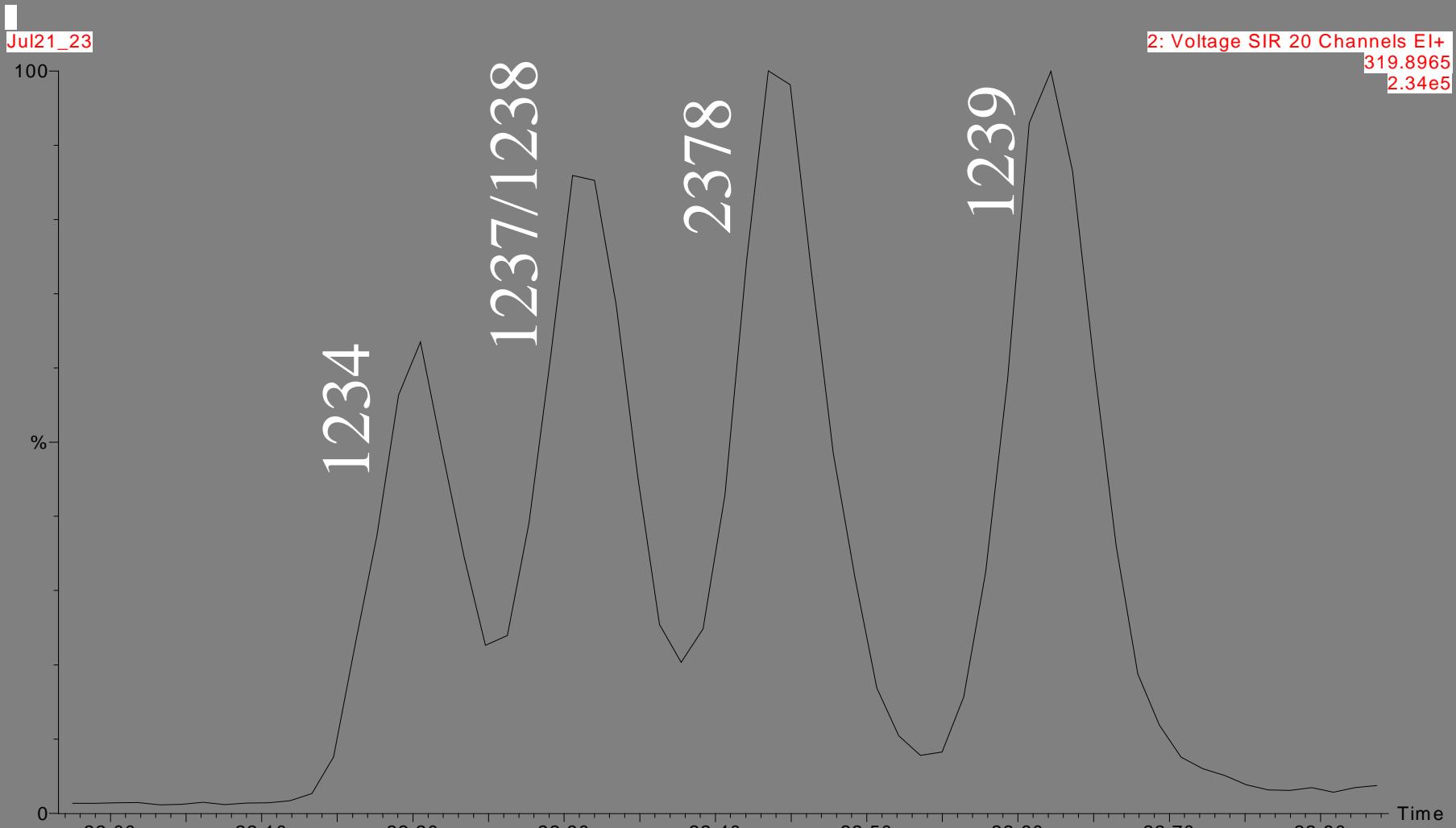
- Dual column method
 - Usually 5% diphenyl column and a high-cyano column (eg Rtx-225)
 - Cyano columns have poorer lifetimes and lower maximum operating temperatures
 - 5% diphenyl phases do not have the selectivity to accurately quantitate most samples
 - USEPA requires 2,3,7,8-tcdf to be confirmed on a X-225
- Desirable to have both columns in the same oven, and to improve the separation of the “5”, or **employ a single column which achieves the necessary separation**

PCDD and PCDF Target List

# of Chlorine	#Dioxins	#Furans
tetra	22(1)	38(1)
penta	14(1)	28(2)
hexa	10(3)	16(4)
hepta	2(1)	4(2)
octa	1(1)	1(1)

() numbers are 2,3,7,8-substituted congeners

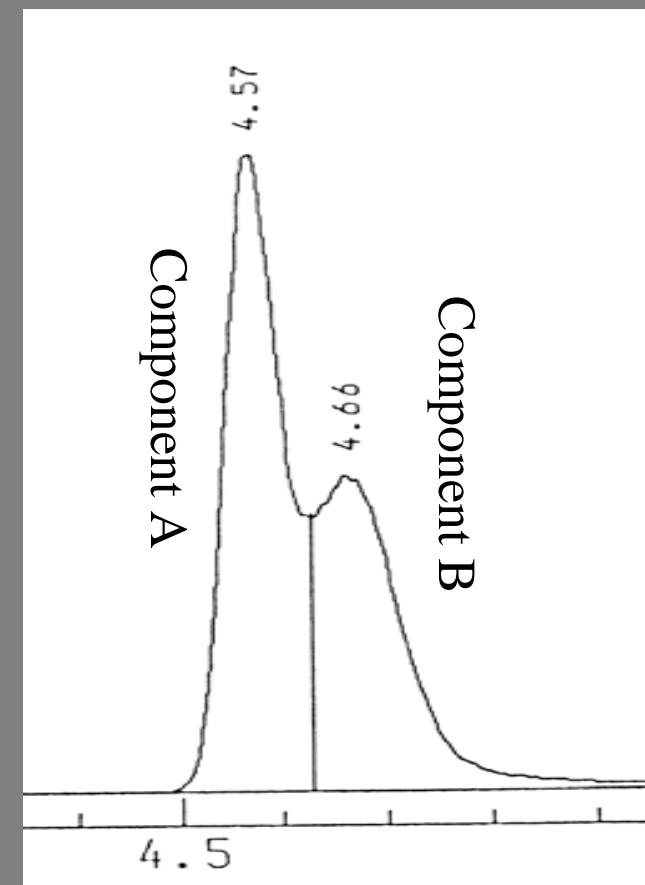
Tetra-dioxin resolution check standard on 5% diphenyl / 95% dimethyl stationary phase



60-M X 0.25 mm i.d. X 0.25 um d.f.

How Resolution Affects Quantitation

Quantification of 20 ng/uL Reference Standard (Results Based on Multi-level/Multi-component Calibration):



<i>Component A & B</i>	<i>Rep 1</i>	<i>19.85</i>	<i>18.48</i>
<i>Component A</i>	<i>Rep 2</i>	<i>19.29</i>	<i>18.48</i>
	<i>Rep 3</i>	<i>19.36</i>	<i>18.52</i>
<i>Component A</i>	<i>Rep 1</i>	<i>21.48</i>	
	<i>Rep 2</i>	<i>20.79</i>	
	<i>Rep 3</i>	<i>20.95</i>	
<i>Component B</i>	<i>Rep 1</i>	<i>16.3</i>	
	<i>Rep 2</i>	<i>16.46</i>	
	<i>Rep 3</i>	<i>16.25</i>	

Achieving Analyte Separation

Resolution

$$R = 1/4 \sqrt{L/h} \times (k/k+1) \times (\alpha-1/\alpha)$$

Capacity Factor

$$k = t_R - t_0 / t_0$$

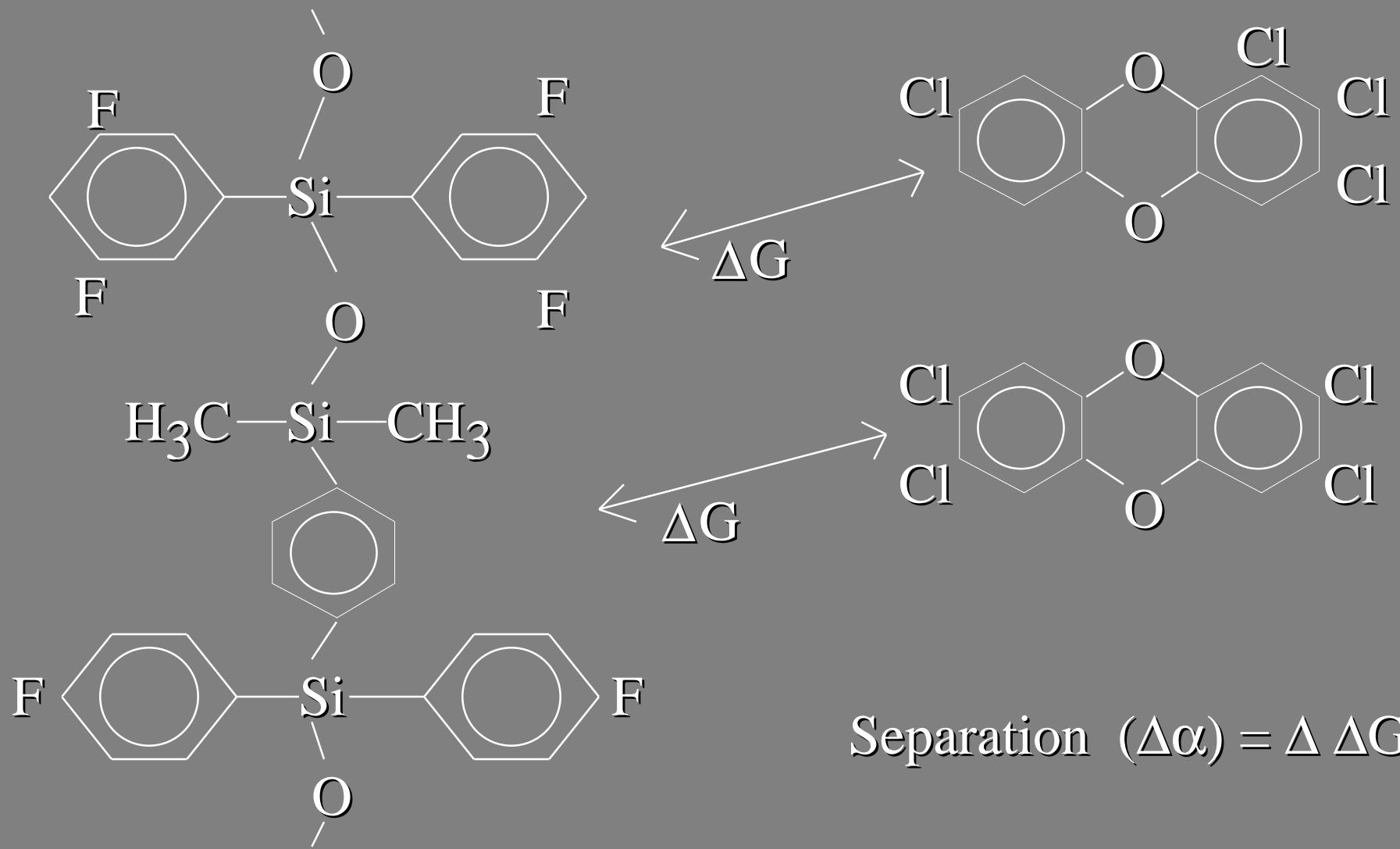
Selectivity

$$\alpha = k_2 / k_1$$

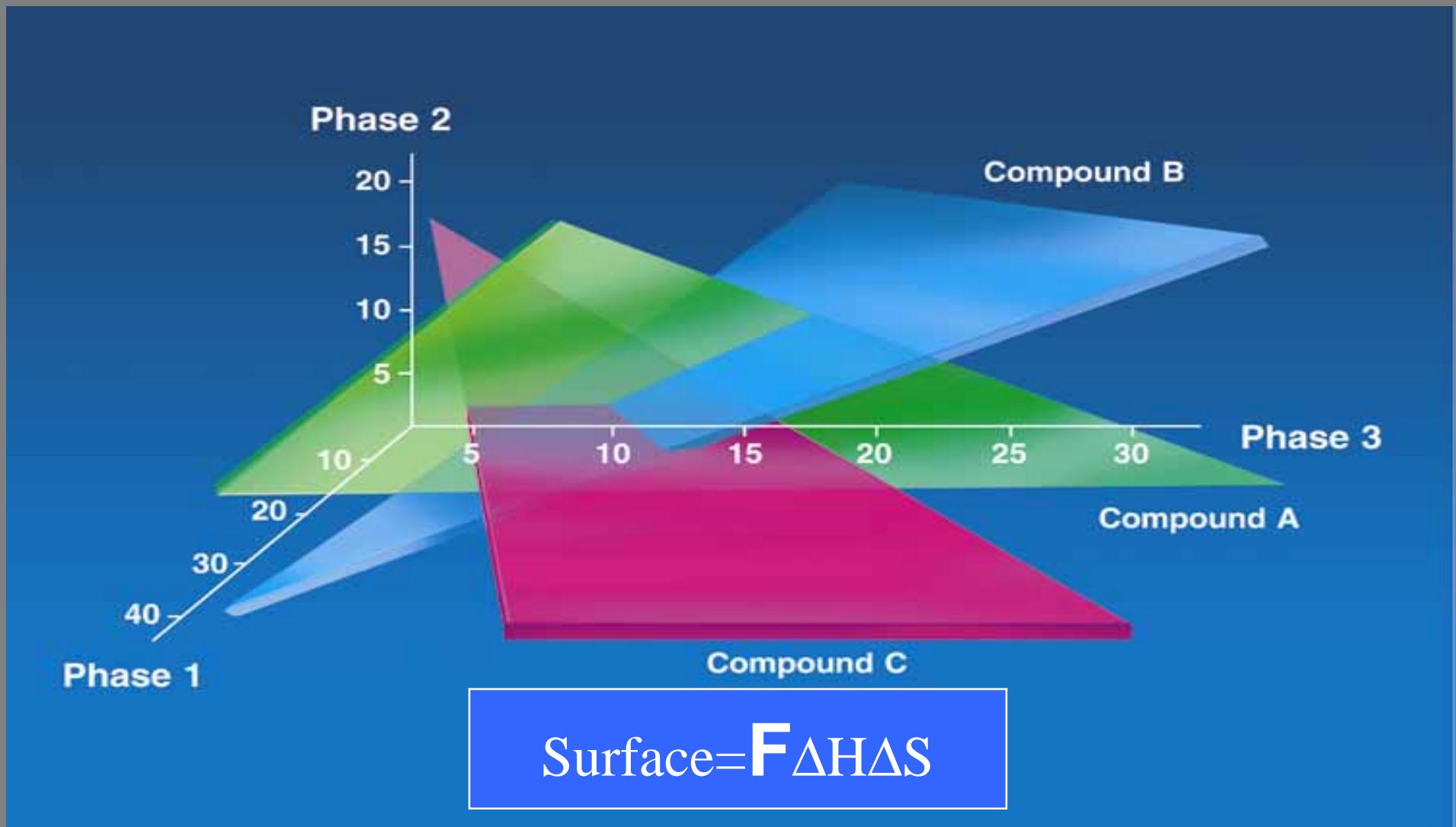
Thermodynamics:

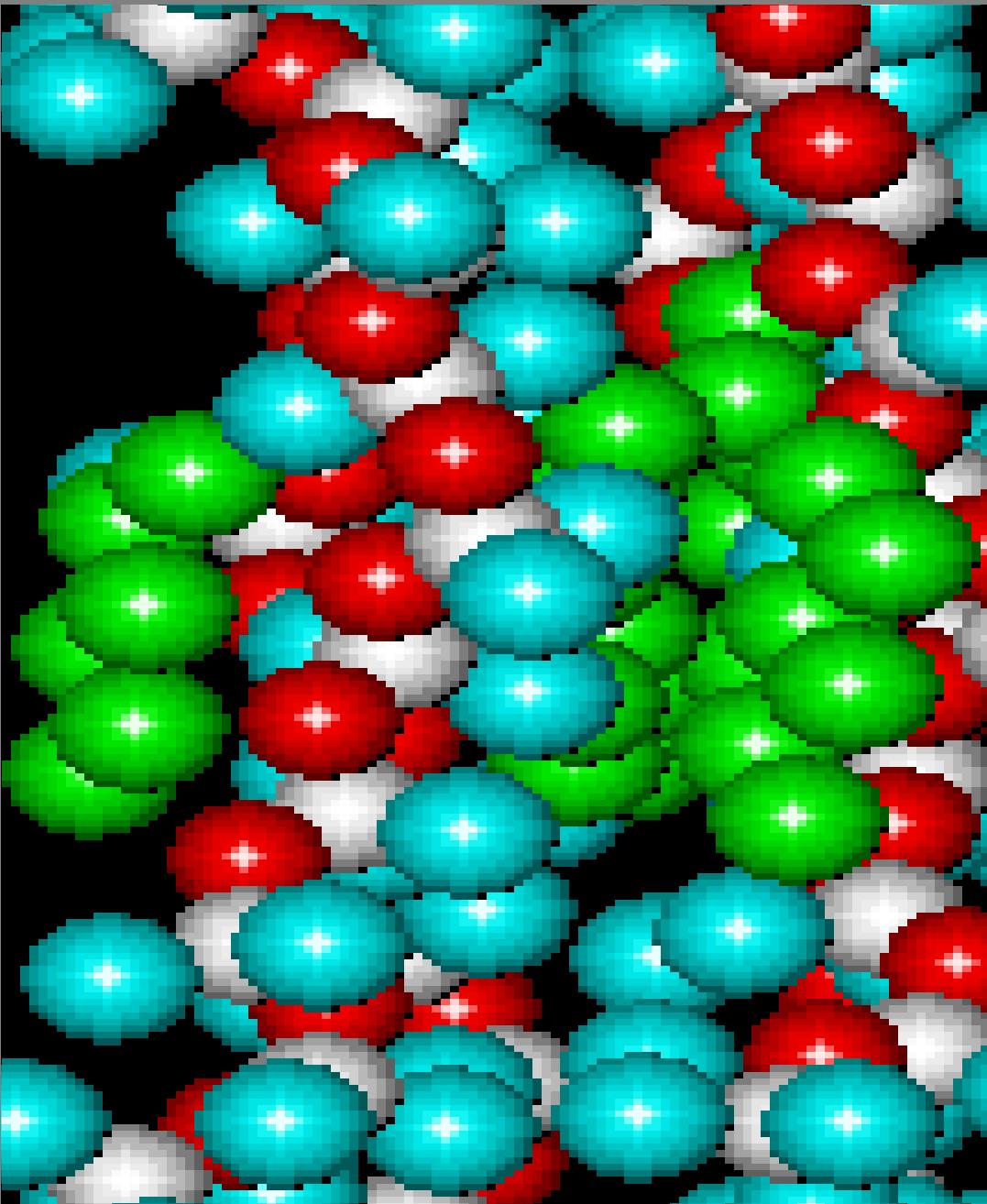
$$\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S \quad \Delta G = -RT \ln K_D$$

Modeling - Energies of Interaction



3-Space Selectivity Model for 3 Compounds





Example Result:
Demeton-O on
PDMS:

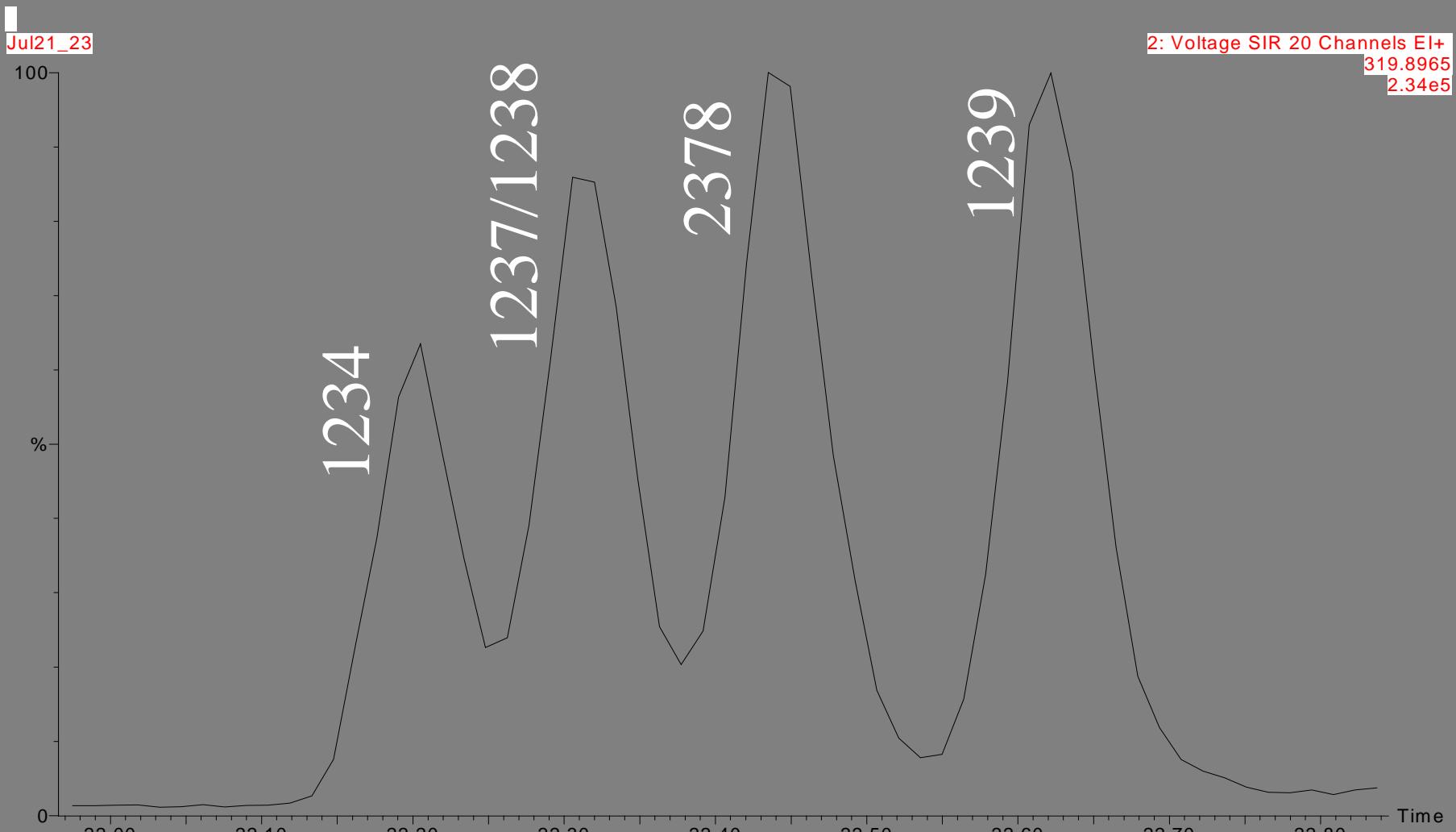
Observed $\Delta G =$

-1.14E4 J/mol

Calculated $\Delta G =$

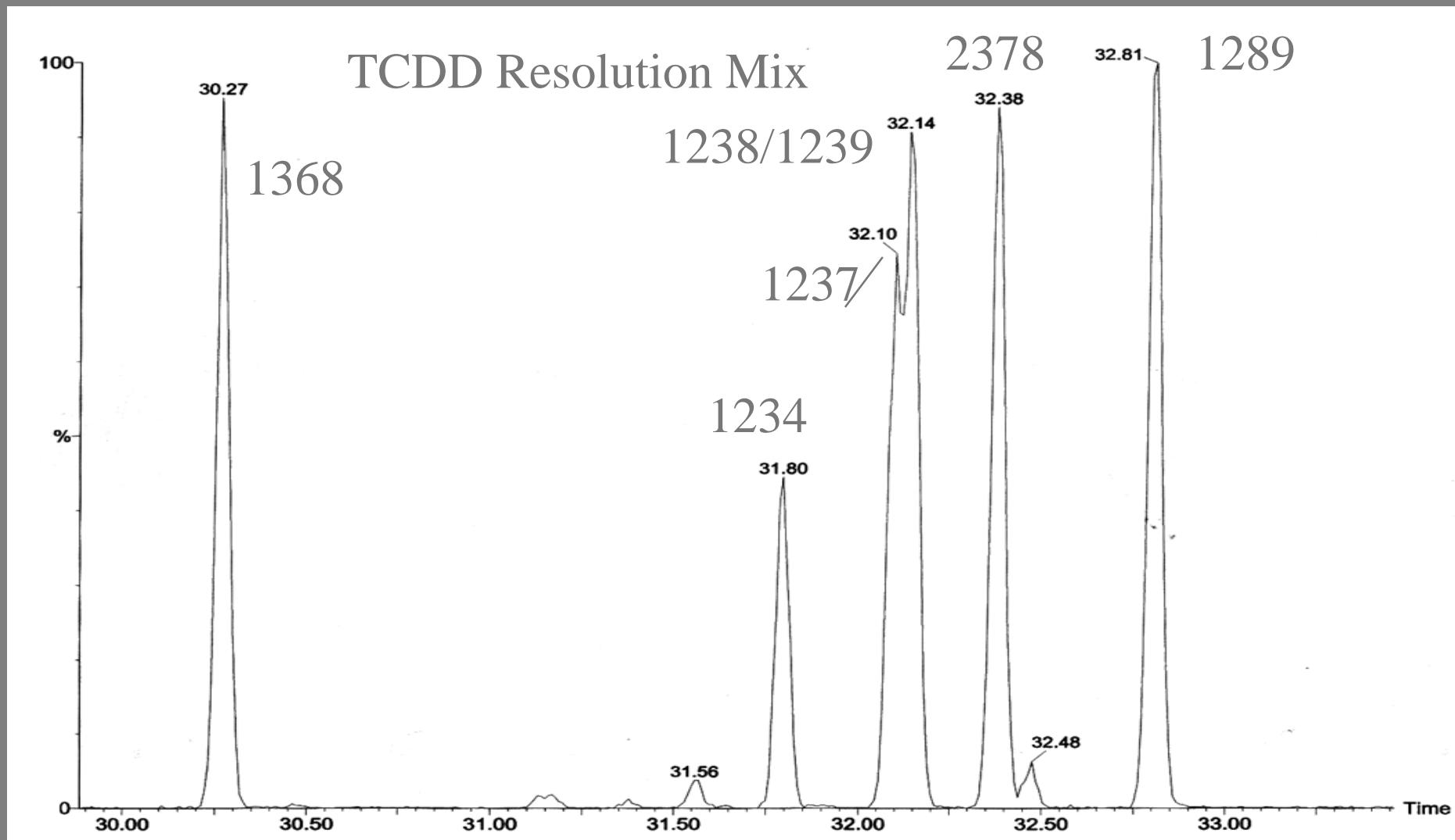
-1.13E4 J/mol

Tetra-dioxin resolution check standard on 5% diphenyl / 95% dimethyl stationary phase

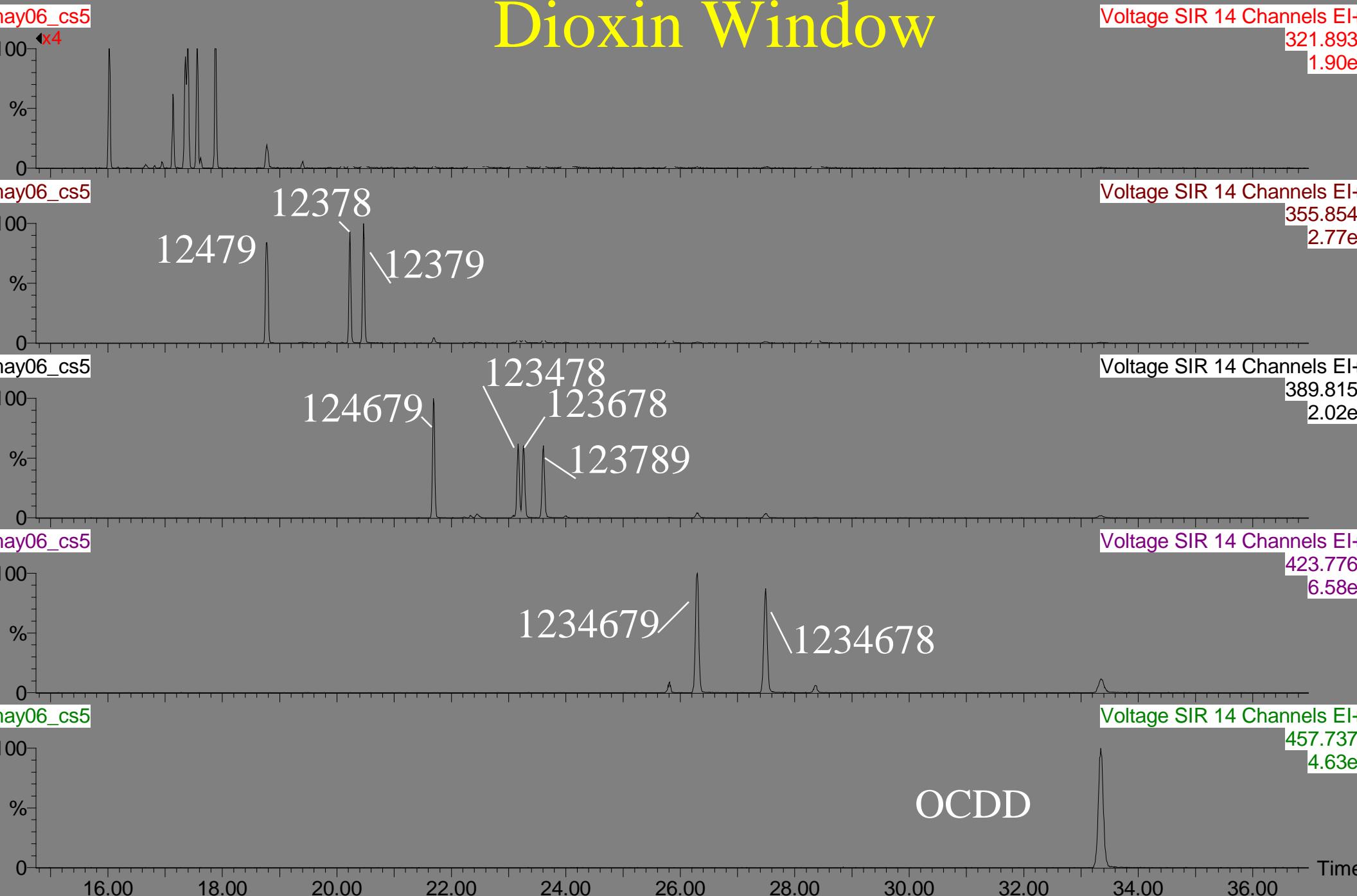


60-M X 0.25 mm i.d. X 0.25 um d.f.

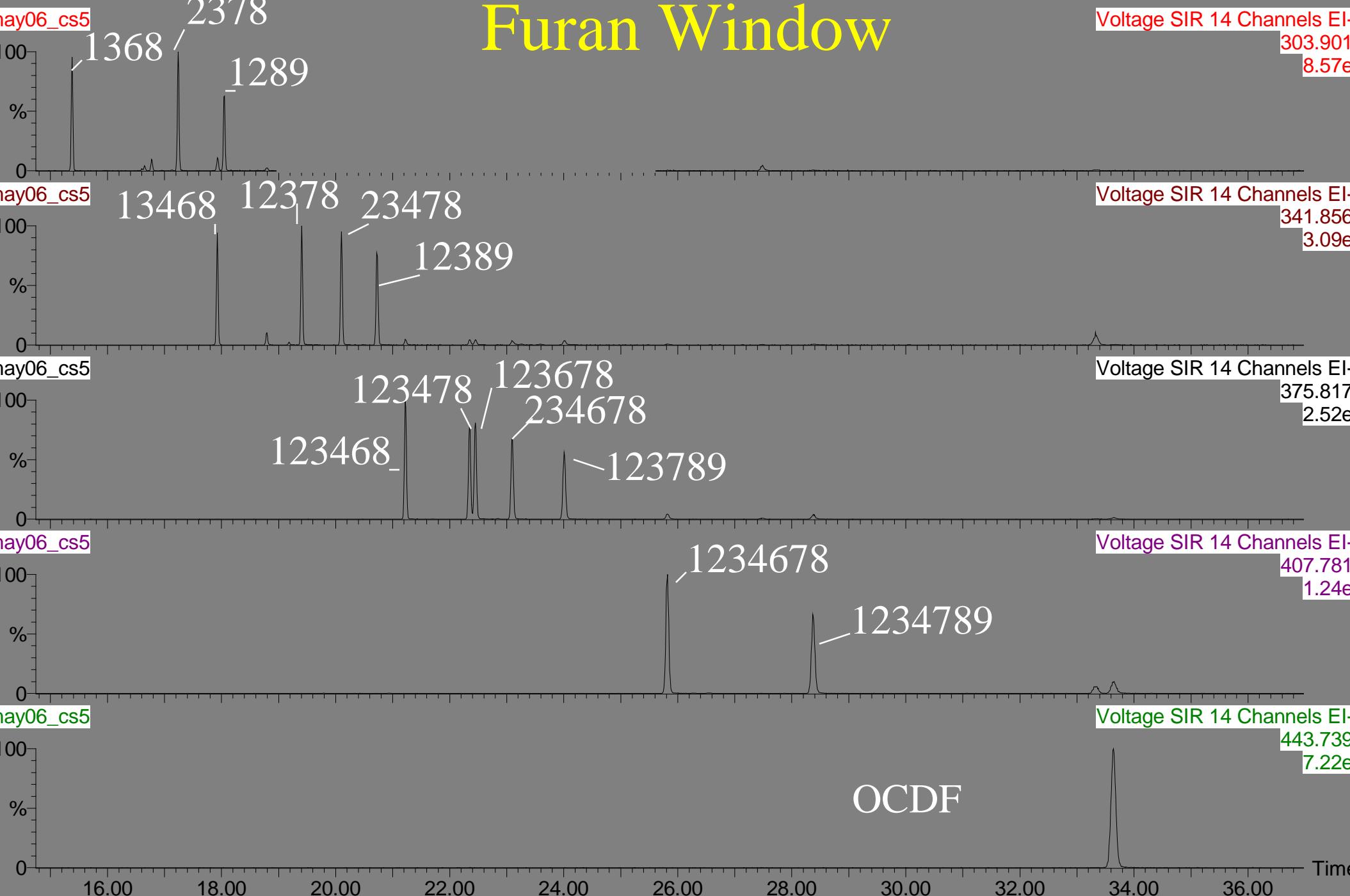
Rtx-Dioxin2 Capillary GC Column



Dioxin Window



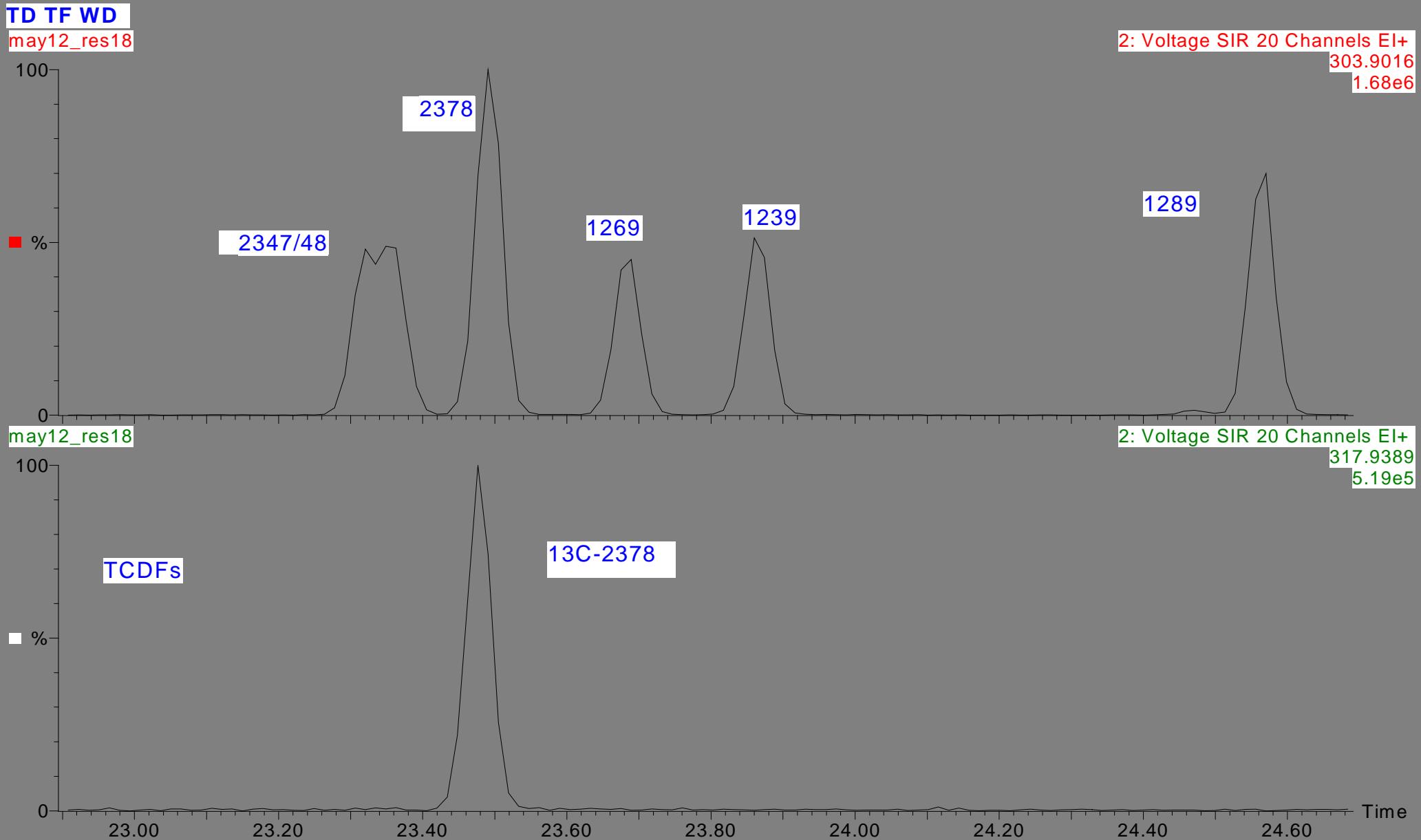
Furan Window



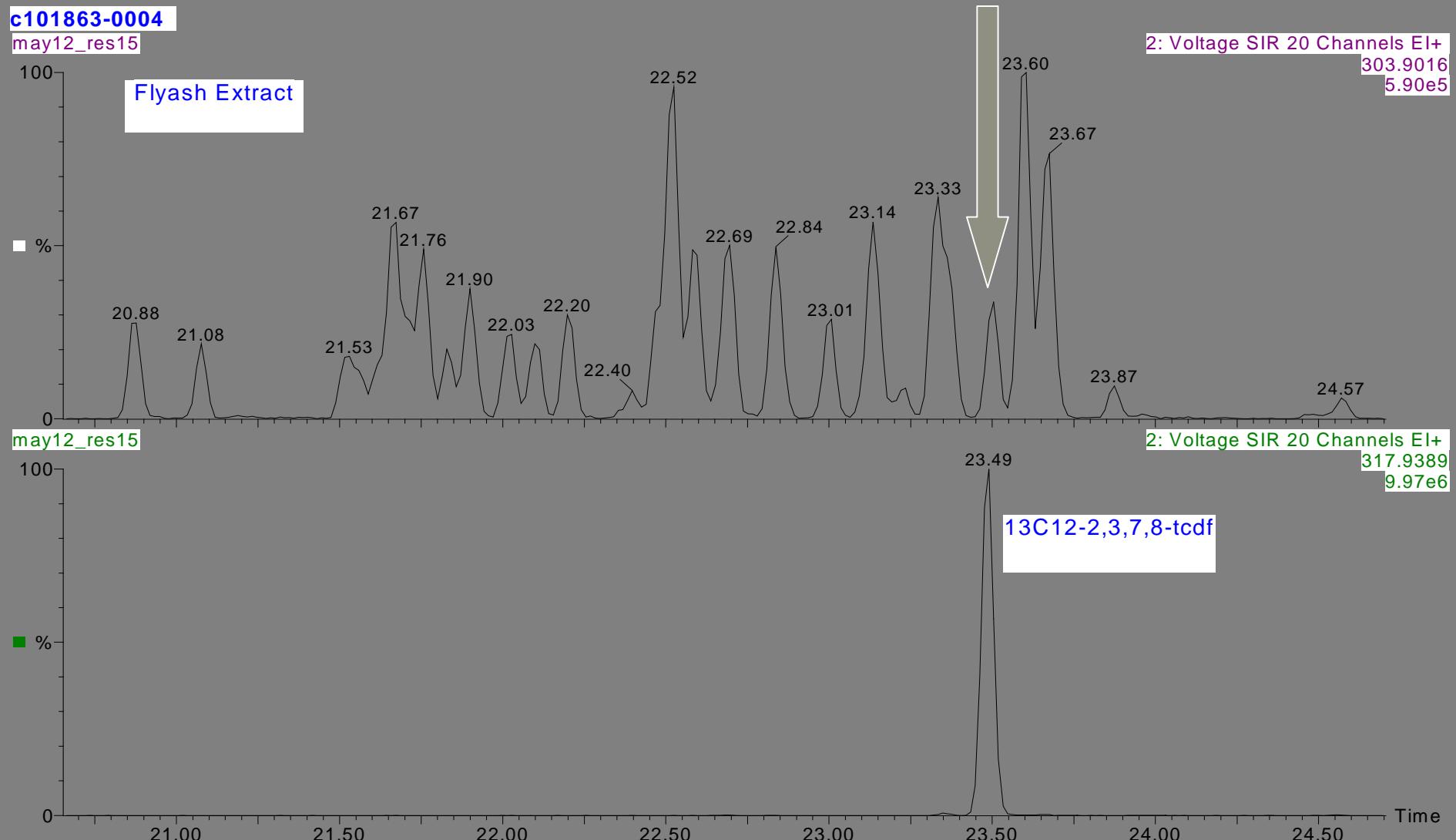
GC program for RTX-Dioxin2®

	60m x 0.25mm x 0.25μm
Gas Flow - constant	1.5mL/min
Initial Temp.	130 °C - hold 1min
1st Temp. Ramp	40 °C/min to 200 °C, 0 hold
2nd Temp. Ramp	3.0 °C/min to 235 °C, 0 hold
3rd Temp. Ramp	5 °C /min to 300 °C, hold ~5-10min.
Total Run Time	~43 min

TCDF Resolution on RTX-Dioxin2®



TCDF ion channel for flyash extract



TCDF ion channel for sewage sludge

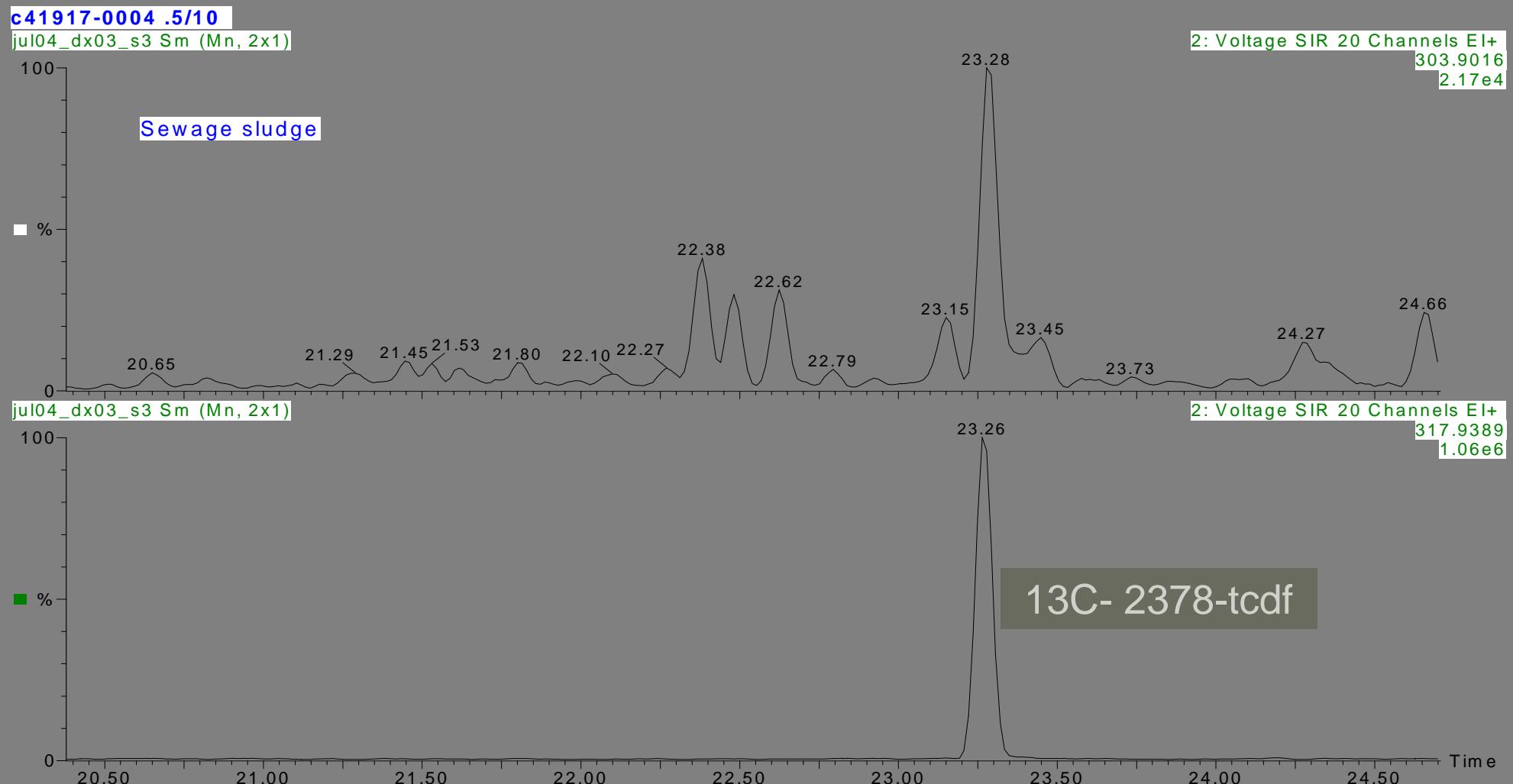
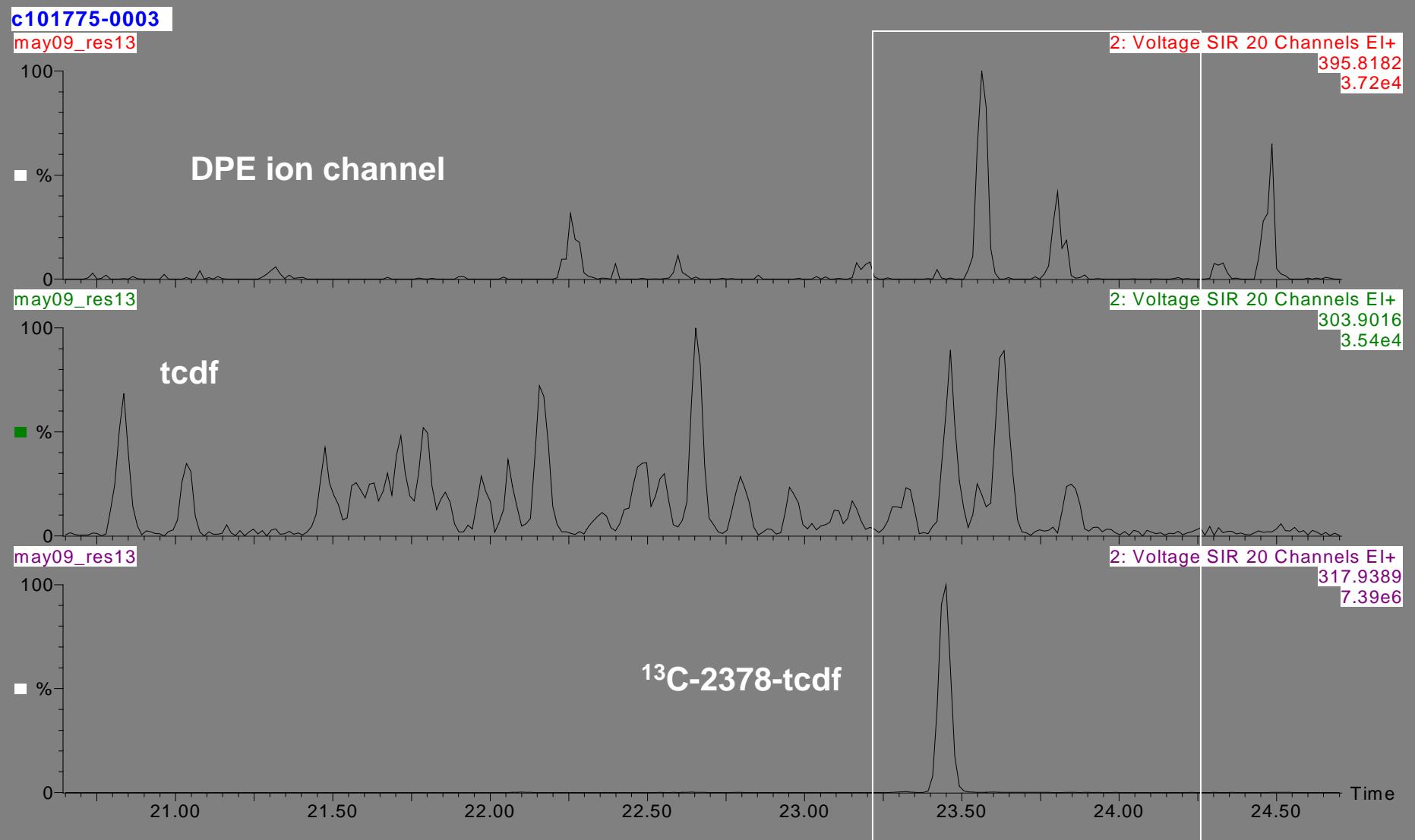


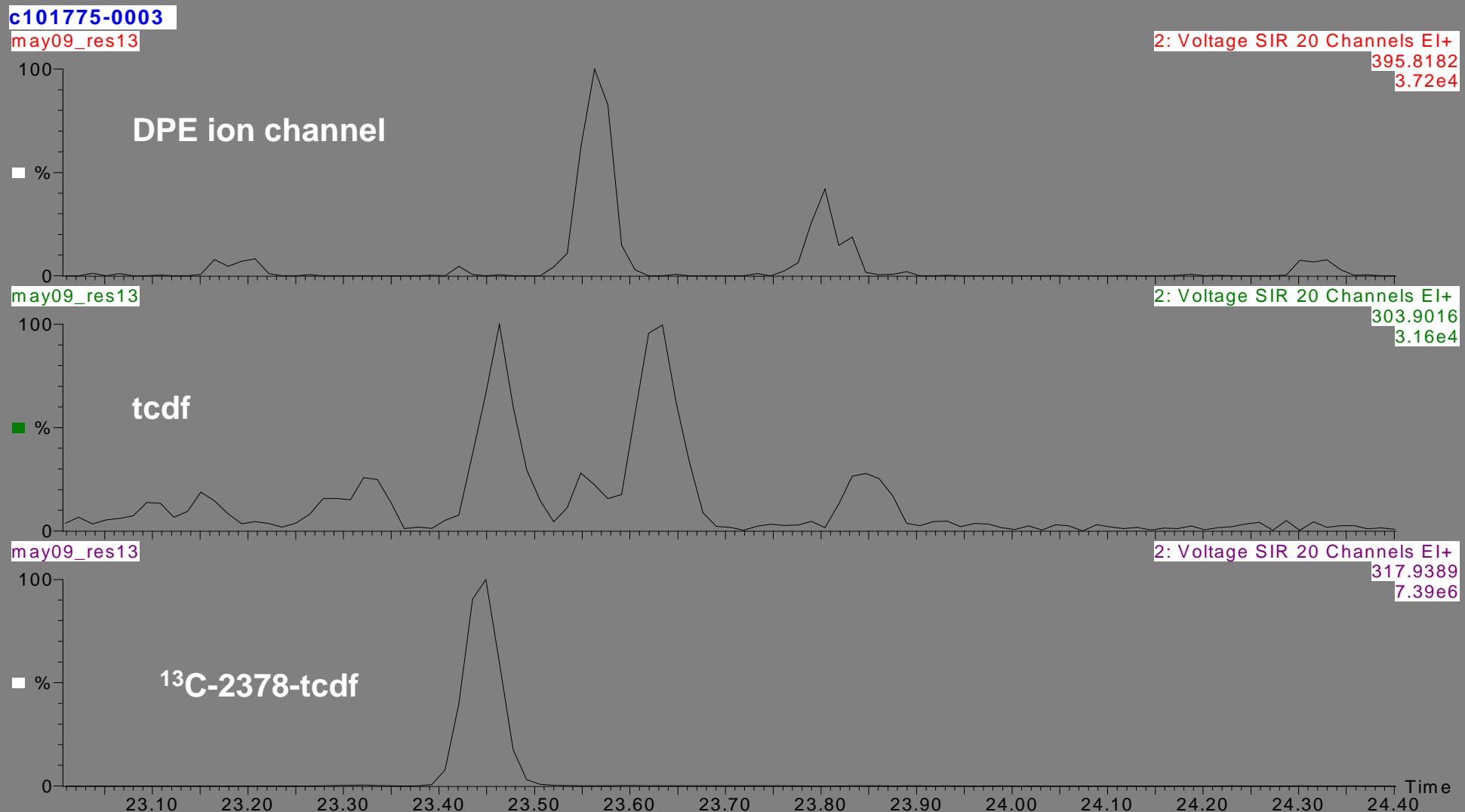
Table I - 2,3,7,8-TCDF (pg/g)

	5% phenyl	X-225	Rtx-DIOXIN2®	Certified Value
WMS-01	78	46	47	52.5 ± 16
EC-2(DX-1)	88	n/a	37	89 (± 44)
Sediment	37	19	19	23
NIST 1974	4.7	n/a	3.3	-
Flyash	240	38	32	31
Flyash-2	250	40	32	28
Biota-1	1	1.3	0.8	1.25
Biota-2	4.3	4.3	2.2	1.45

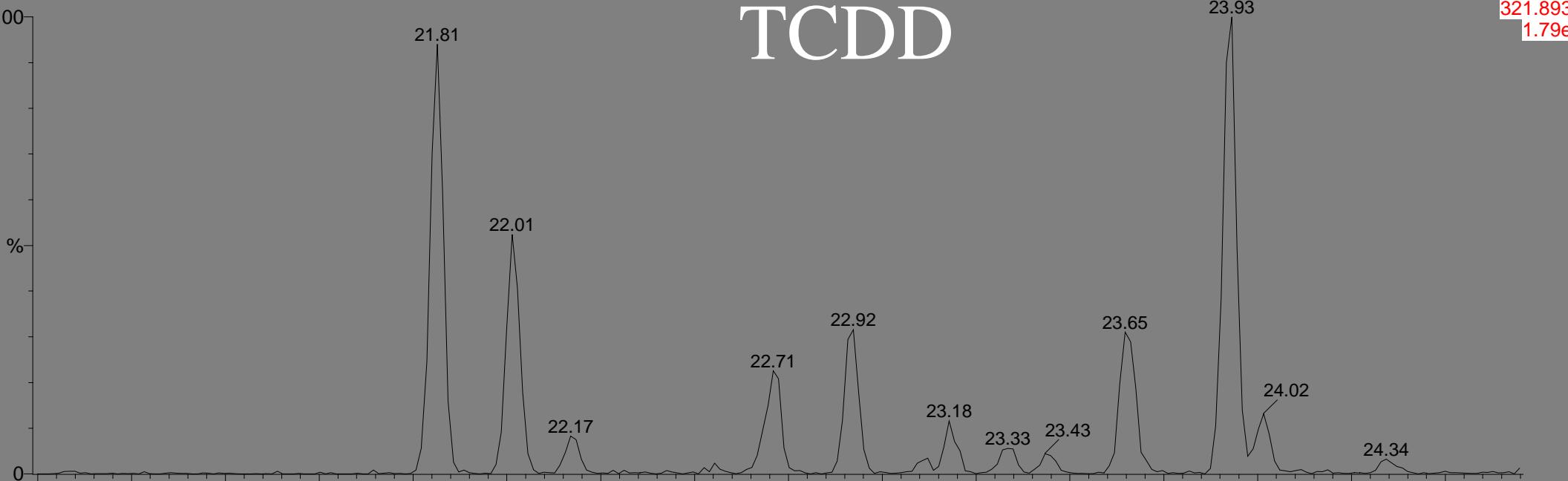
TCDF ion channel for Biota sample



Potential resolution between DPEs and Furans



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ay06_res9



Time

5% Phenyl Column Resolution Mix

Rtx-DIOXIN2 ®

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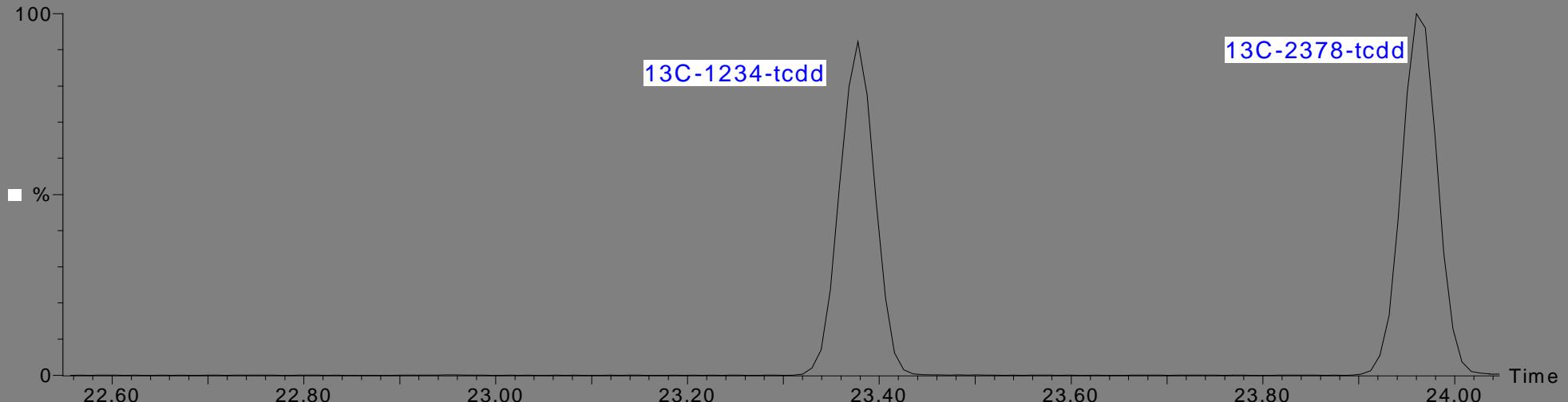
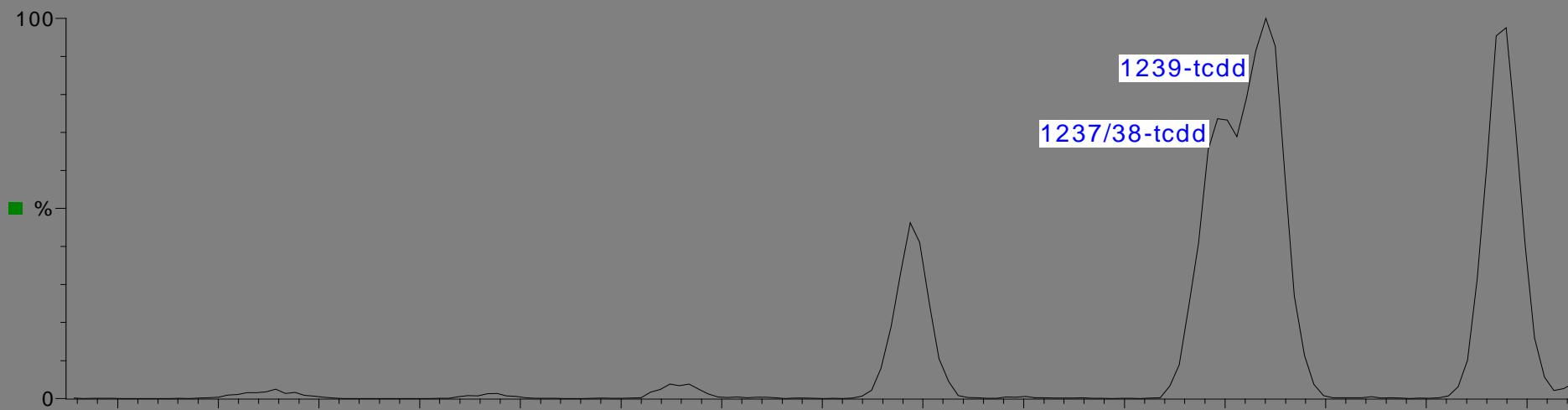
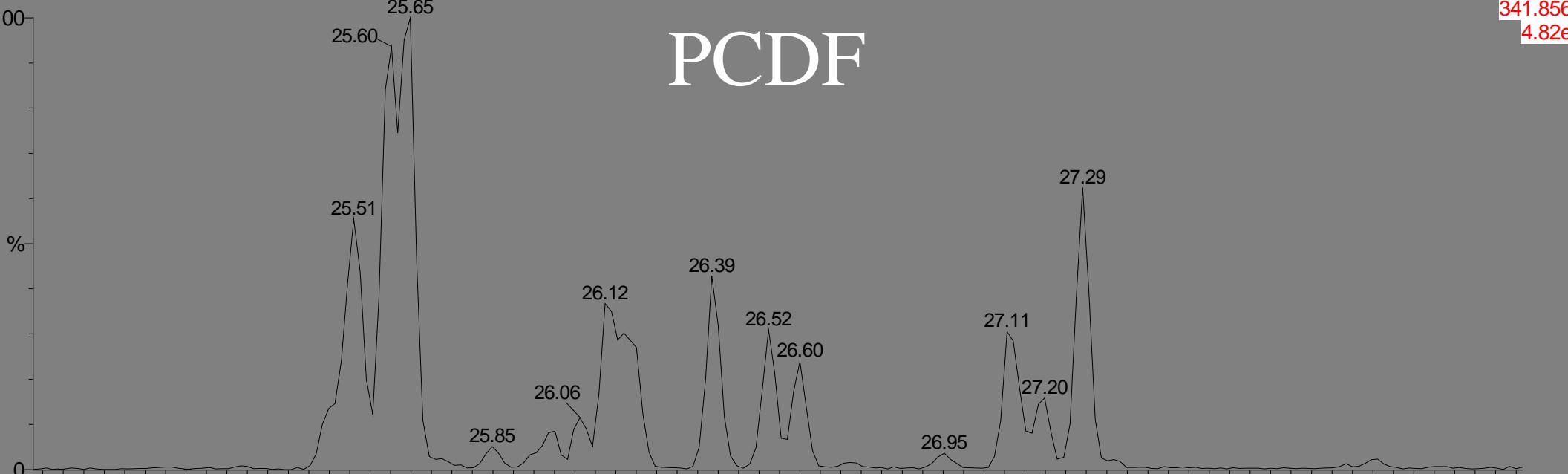


Table II - 2,3,7,8-TCDD (pg/g)

	5% phenyl	X-225®	Rtx-Dioxin2®	Certified Value
WMS-01	21	23	14	17.7±5.6
EC-2 (DX-1)	240	n/a	284	263(± 53)
Sediment	8.5	8.1	9	6
Flyash	5.6	6.7	4.4	5
Flyash-2	<3	3.1	4.4	4.0

May06_res9

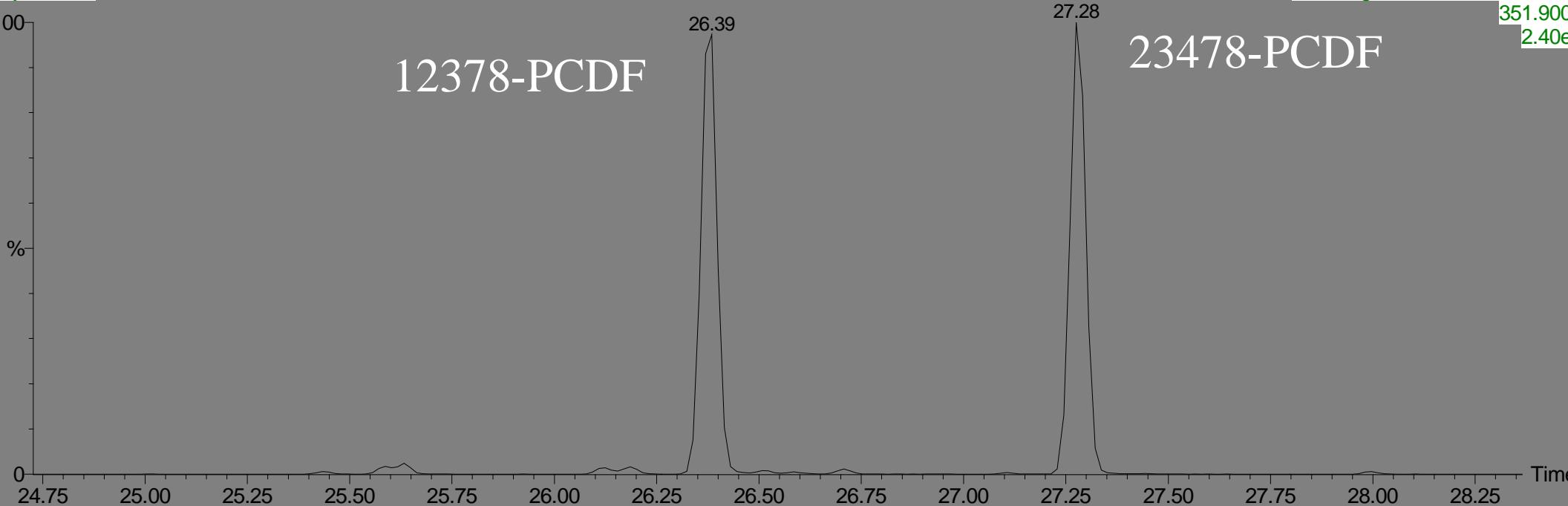


3: Voltage SIR 20 Channels El-

341.856

4.82e

May06_res9



3: Voltage SIR 20 Channels El-

351.900

2.40e

Time

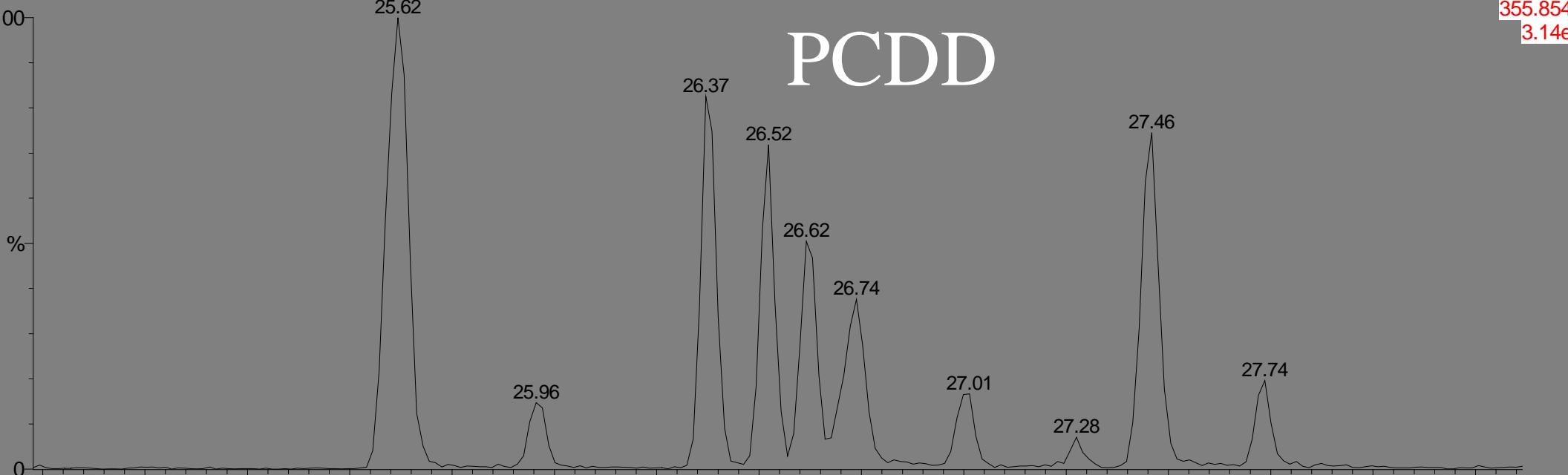
Table III - 1,2,3,7,8-PCDF (pg/g)

	5% phenyl	Rtx-Dioxin2 [®]	Certified Value
WMS-01	13	11	12.6 ± 5
EC-2(DX-1)	33	30	39 ± 14
Sediment	42	40	49
Flyash	72	72	73
Flyash-2	86	68	70

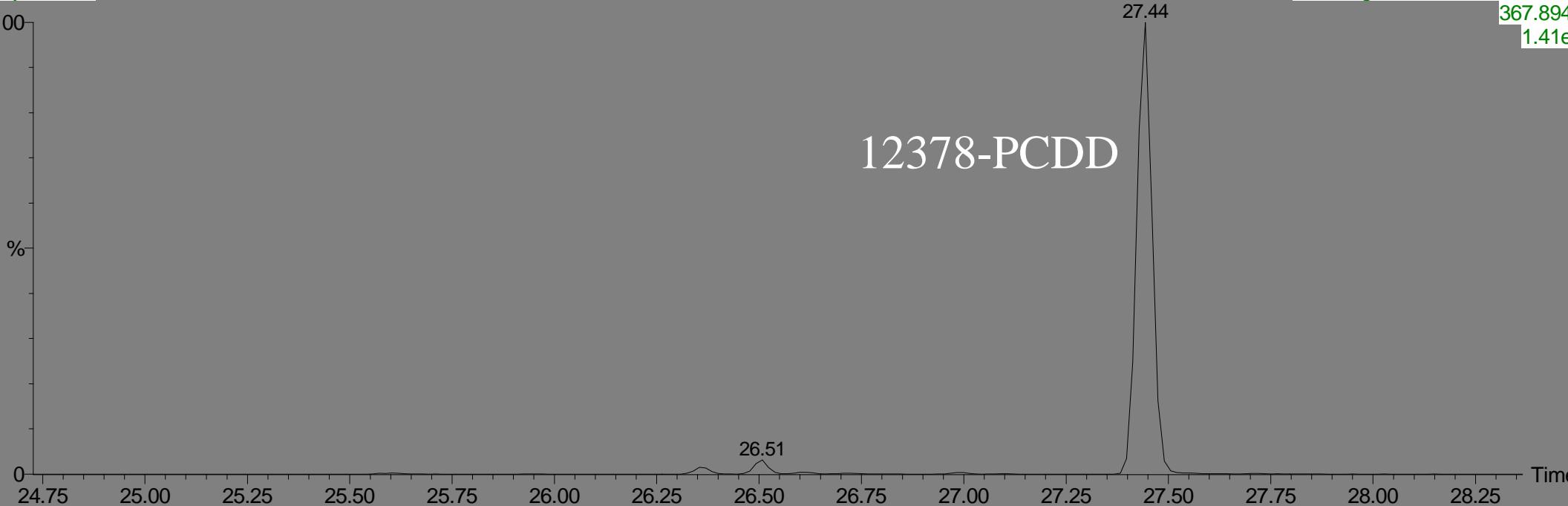
Table IV- 2,3,4,7,8-PCDF (pg/g)

	5%phenyl	Rtx-Dioxin2 [®]	Certified Value
WMS-01	26	15	18.5 ± 6.1
EC-2(DX-1)	63	55	62 ± 32
Sediment	23	18	21
Flyash	170	140	120
Flyash-2	160	130	110

May06_res9



May06_res9



HxCDF ion channel in Flyash sample

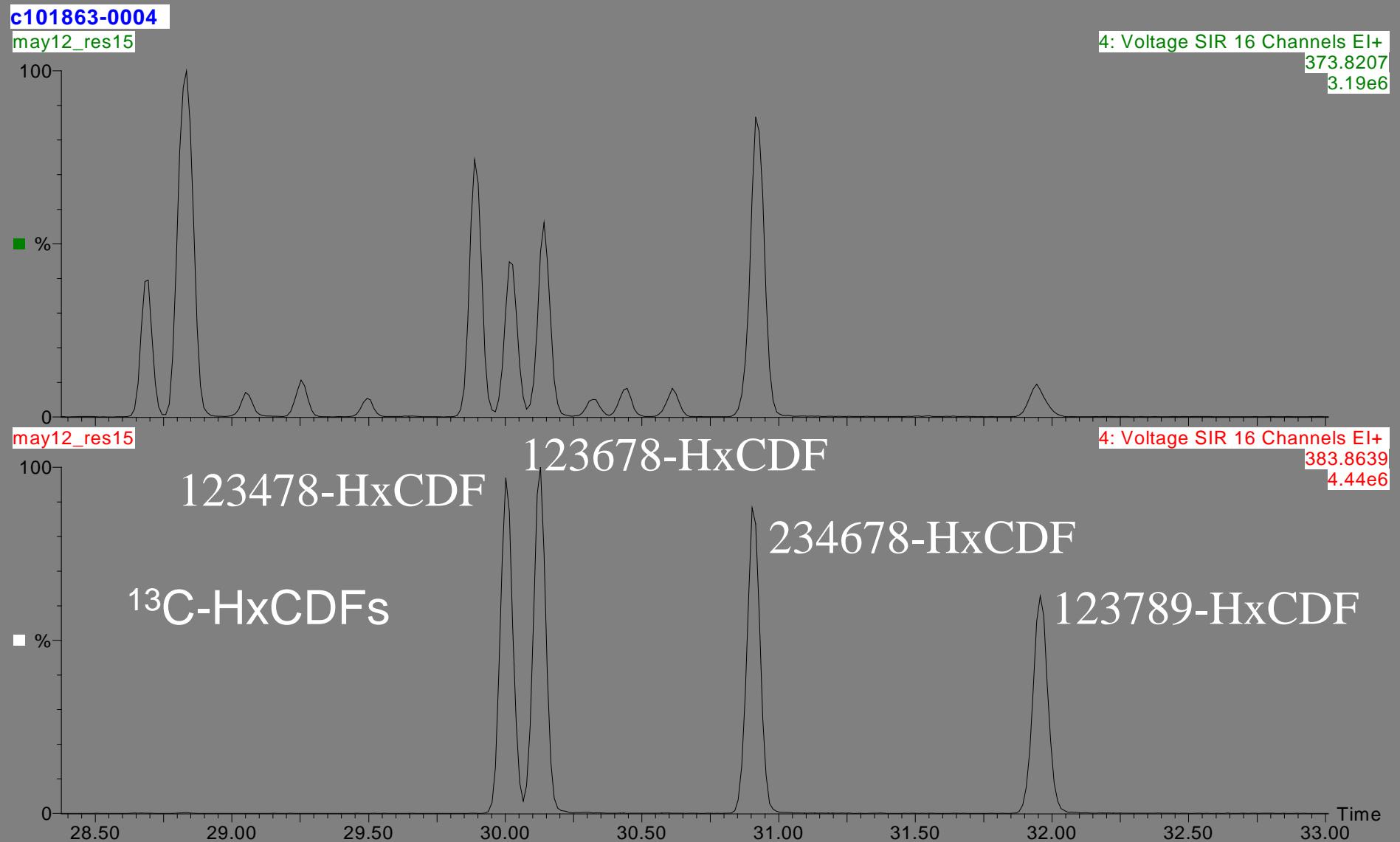


Table V - 1,2,3,4,7,8-HxCDF (pg/g)

	5% phenyl	Rtx-Dioxin2 [®]	Certified Value
WMS-01	80	50	67 ± 24
EC-2 (DX-1)	780	630	714 (± 276)
Sediment	290	210	230
Flyash	570	200	190
Flyash-2	520	190	180

HxCDD ion channel for sediment

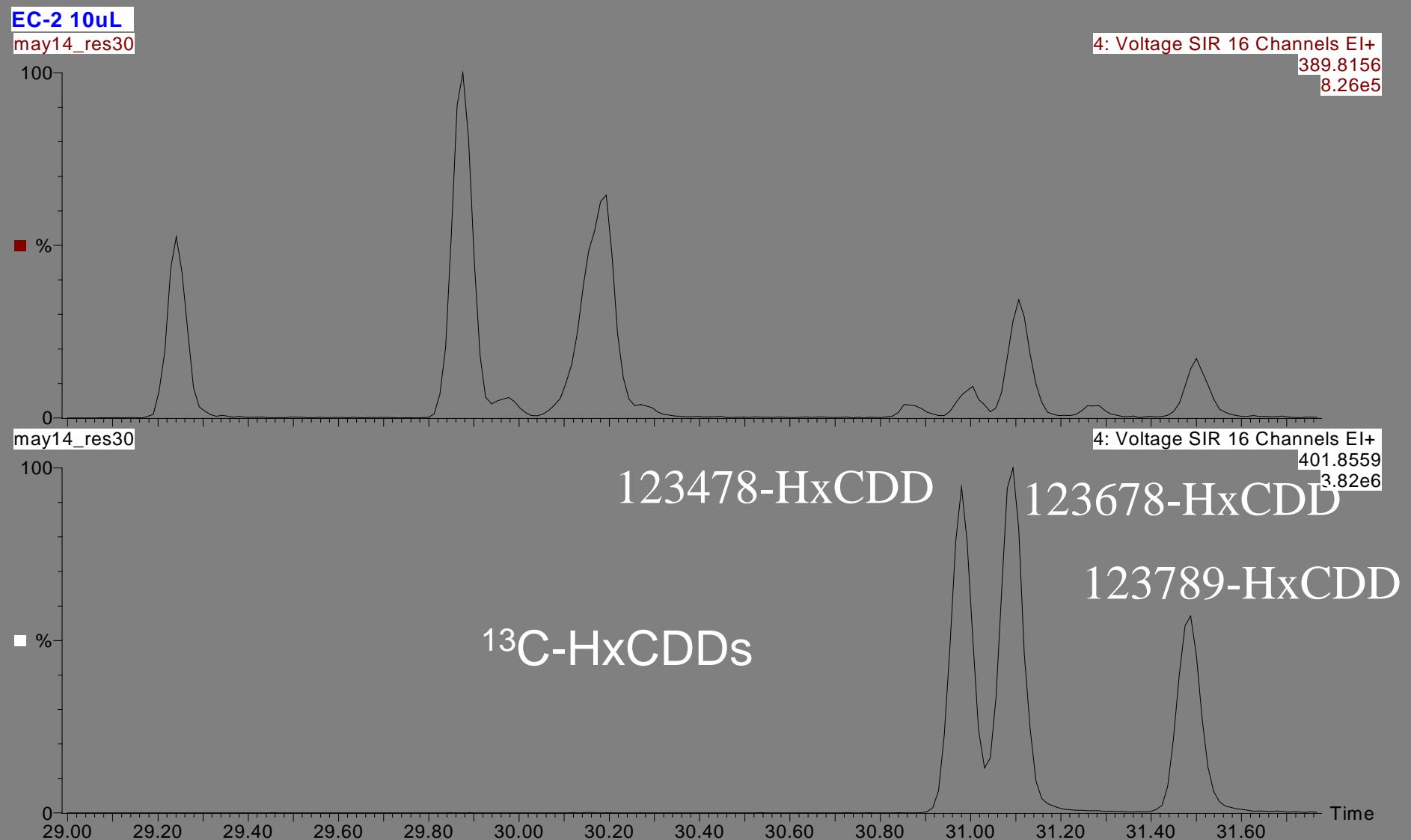
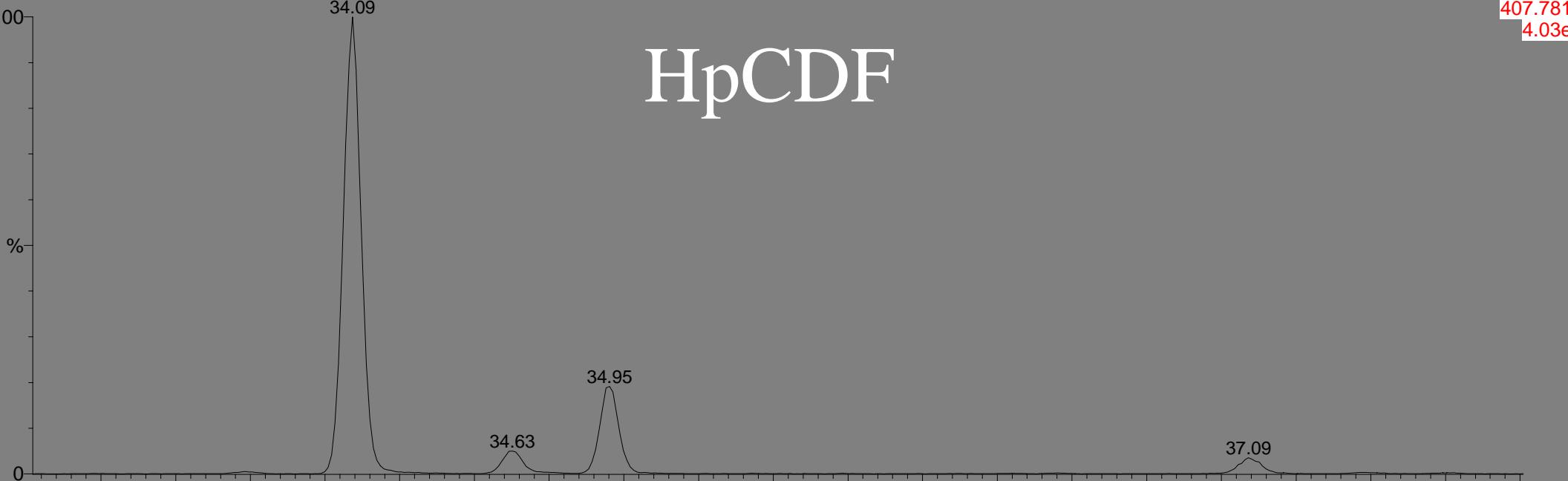


Table VI - 1,2,3,7,8,9-HxCDD (pg/g)

	5% phenyl	Rtx-Dioxin2 [®]	Certified Value
WMS-01	27	29	17.3 ± 8
EC-2 (DX-1)	65	38	53 (\pm 24)
Sediment	5	6.3	3
Flyash	40	38	40
Flyash-2	39	29	33

ay06_res9

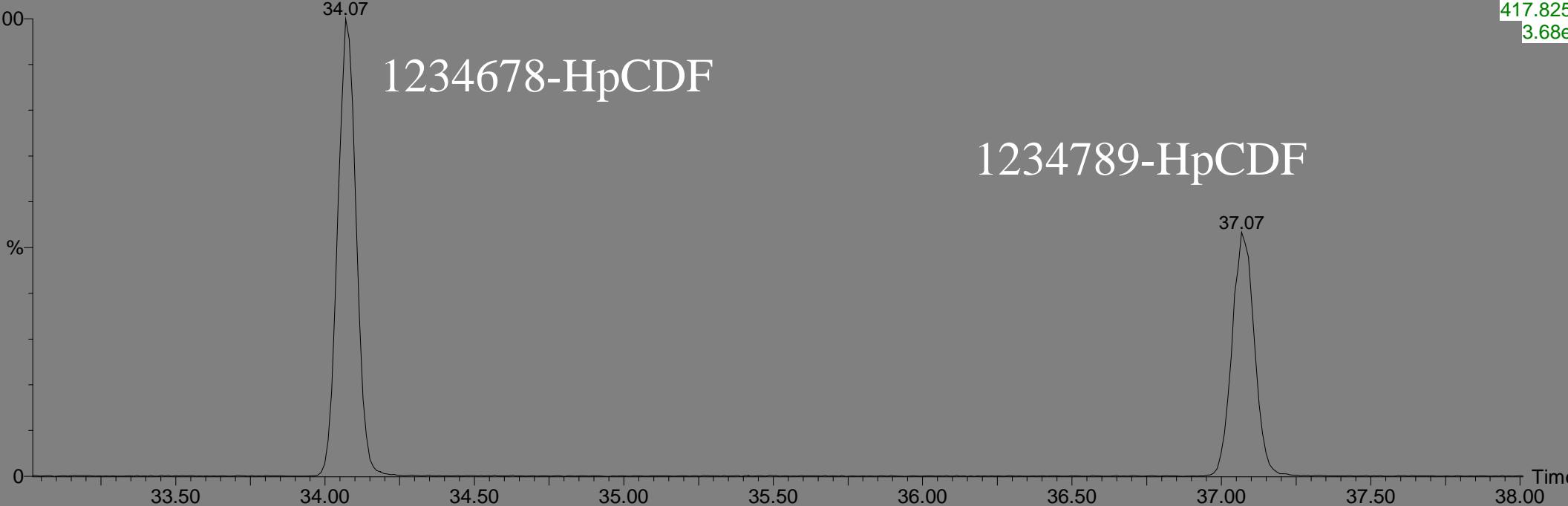


5: Voltage SIR 11 Channels El-

407.781

4.03e

ay06_res9



1234789-HpCDF

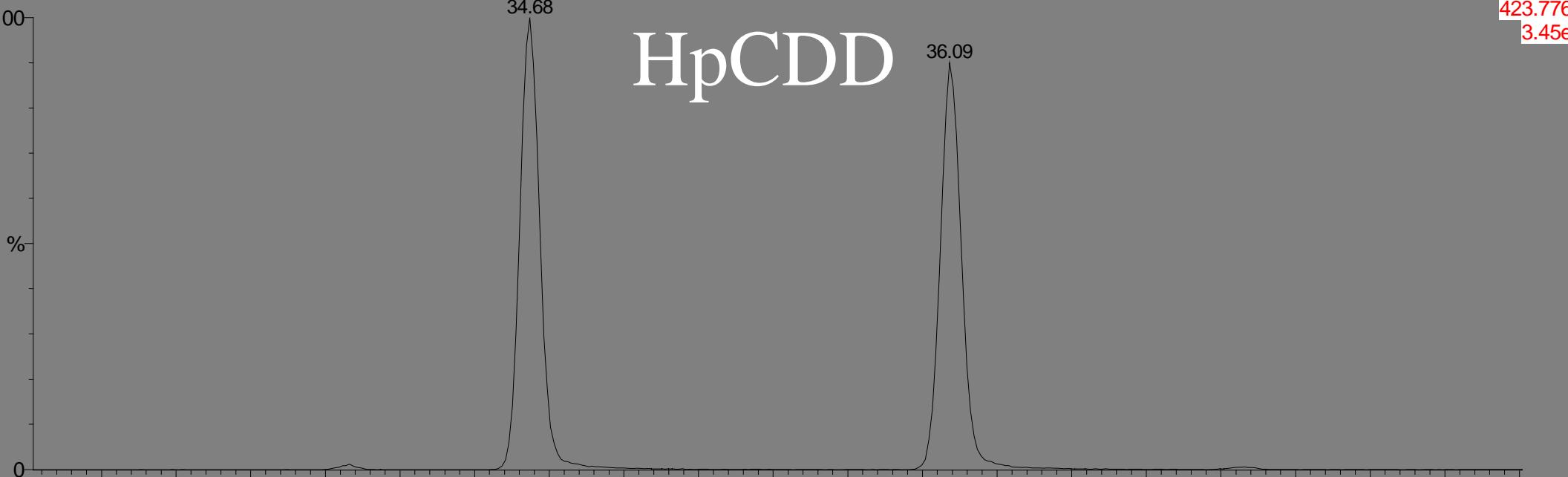
5: Voltage SIR 11 Channels El-

417.825

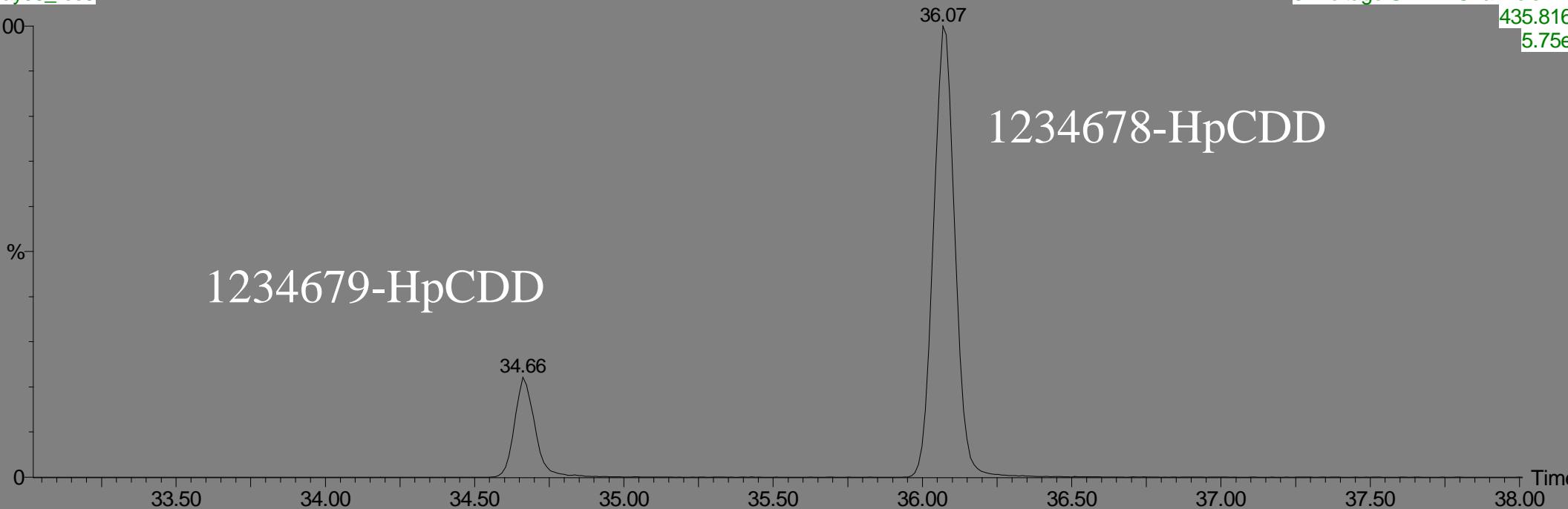
3.68e

Time

ay06_res9



ay06_res9



May06_res9

OCDD/OCDF



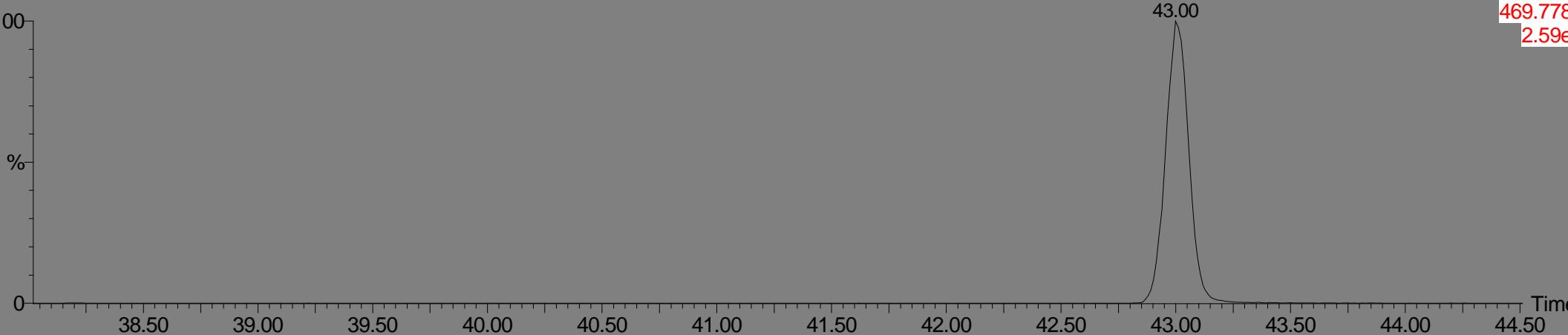
May06_res9

OCDF



May06_res9

43.00



Rtx-Dioxin2 Capillary Column

- Proprietary backbone stabilized polysiloxane designed for toxic dioxin and furan analysis by GC-HRMS
- 340 maximum operating temperature in standard fused silica tubing
- Can be used as secondary confirmation column for Rtx-Dioxin, or other primary columns like 5% diphenyl phases
- Can function as single column for stand-alone dioxin and furan analysis – and has been accredited for use as such
 - Clive Robinson ALS Environmental –Queensland Australia
- Chromatographically separates the chlorinated diphenylethers from the furans – especially important in biota matrices
- Columns available:
 - Cat # 10758 - 60 M X 0.25 mm i.d. X 0.25 um d.f.
 - Cat # 10759 - 40 M X 0.18 mm i.d. X 0.18 um d.f.