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extraction salt packet products



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- Eliminates the need for a second tube to transfer salts.

Supports AOAC (2007.01) & European (EN15662) QuEChERS Methods

**Buy 1, get 1 FREE
offer applies to
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Description	Material	Methods	qty.	cat#
Q-sep Q110 kit	4g MgSO ₄ , 1g NaCl, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS with 50mL Centrifuge Tube	European EN 15662	50 packets & 50 tubes	26235-408
Q-sep Q110 packets	4g MgSO ₄ , 1g NaCl, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS	European EN 15662	50 packets	26236-408
Q-sep Q150 kit	6g MgSO ₄ , 1.5g NaOAc, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS with 50mL Centrifuge Tube	AOAC 2007.01	50 packets & 50 tubes	26237-408
Q-sep Q150 packets	6g MgSO ₄ , 1.5g NaOAc	AOAC 2007.01	50 packets	26238-408

Offer valid July 1—October 31, 2010.

TSCD = trisodium citrate dihydrate
DHS = disodium hydrogen citrate sesquihydrate
NaOAc = sodium acetate

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innovative chromatography solutions

QuEChERS Products

Fast, Simple Sample Prep for Multi-Residue Pesticide Analysis



RESTEK EXCLUSIVE:

Save time with new standards—
ready to use, no dilution necessary!

- Speed up sample throughput—4-fold faster than modified Luke methods.
- Reduce solvent usage up to 9-fold, with no chlorinated waste.
- Simultaneously generate samples for GC/MS and LC/MS/MS.

Save Time and Money with QuEChERS

- Ready-to-use extraction and dSPE tubes, no glassware required.
- Preweighed adsorbents for dSPE cleanup.
- Convenient, method-specific internal and QC standards.

Quick, Easy, Cheap, Effective, Rugged, and Safe, the QuEChERS (“catchers”) method is a fast, simple, and effective alternative to conventional sample prep for multiresidue pesticide analysis. QuEChERS is based on work done by the US Department of Agriculture Eastern Regional Research Center in Wyndmoor, PA.¹ Researchers there were looking for a simple, effective, and inexpensive way to extract and clean pesticide residues from the many varied sample matrices that they worked with routinely. They had been using the modified Luke extraction method, which is highly effective and rugged, but is solvent, labor, and glassware intensive, leading to a relatively high cost per sample. In contrast, QuEChERS employs a very short shake-extraction step, making it faster and less labor intensive. Solid phase extraction cleanup of extracts from other methods also had been effective, but the complex matrices the investigators were dealing with required multiple individual cartridges to remove the many classes of interferences, which added significant cost and complexity to the process. To reduce costs and speed up sample preparation, they developed a novel dispersive solid phase extraction (dSPE) technique, which effectively removes sugars, lipids, organic acids, sterols, proteins, pigments and excess water, but is far simpler and less expensive than conventional methods (Table I).



Using QuEChERS, samples are prepared in 3 simple steps. As shown on the following page, samples are first homogenized, then extracted and partitioned with an organic solvent and salt solution, with the extracts finally cleaned using the dSPE technique. Using the dSPE approach, the quantity and type of sorbents, can easily be optimized for different matrix interferences and difficult analytes. Results from this approach have been verified and modified at several USDA and Food and Drug Administration labs, and the method now is widely accepted for many types of pesticide residue samples. Validation and proficiency data for the QuEChERS method are available for a wide variety of pesticides in several common food matrices at www.quechers.com.

Restek Q-sep™ products make QuEChERS even simpler. All extraction salts, adsorbents, and sample tubes are included—no specialized equipment or glassware is required. The dSPE centrifuge tube format, available in 2mL and 15mL sizes, contains magnesium sulfate (to partition water from organic solvent) and PSA adsorbent (to remove sugars and fatty acids), with or without graphitized carbon (to remove pigments and sterols) or C18 (to remove nonpolar interferences). Custom products are available by request. If you are frustrated with the time and expense of your current pesticide sample cleanup procedure, we suggest you try this simple, economical new method.

Table I Prepare samples more quickly, easily, and cost-effectively with QuEChERS.

	Mini-Luke or Modified Luke Method	QuEChERS	Savings with QuEChERS
Estimated time to process 6 samples (min.)	120	30	4x faster
Solvent used (mL)	60-90	10	6-9x less solvent
Chlorinated waste (mL)	20-30	0	Safer, cheaper, greener
Glassware/specialized equipment	capacity for 200mL, quartz wool, funnel, water bath or evaporator	none	Ready-to-use



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Quick and Easy...

Prepare Samples for LC or GC Analysis in 3 Simple Steps

1. Blend

Homogenize the sample.



2. Extract and Dry

Add acetonitrile and internal standard, then shake vigorously for 1 minute.



Add buffering salts and shake, then centrifuge for 5 minutes to separate the phases.



3. Clean Up

Transfer supernatant to dSPE tube.



Shake, centrifuge, and transfer to an autosampler vial for analysis by GC or LC.



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Effective...

QuEChERS dSPE Cleanup Assures Optimal Results for Pesticide Analysis

- Improves integration and mass spectral matches.
 - Removes matrix interferences that obscure target analytes or cause ion suppression.
 - Protects GC inlet, and LC and GC columns from contamination.

Figure 1 QuEChERS dSPE cleanup removes interferences that obscure target pesticides.

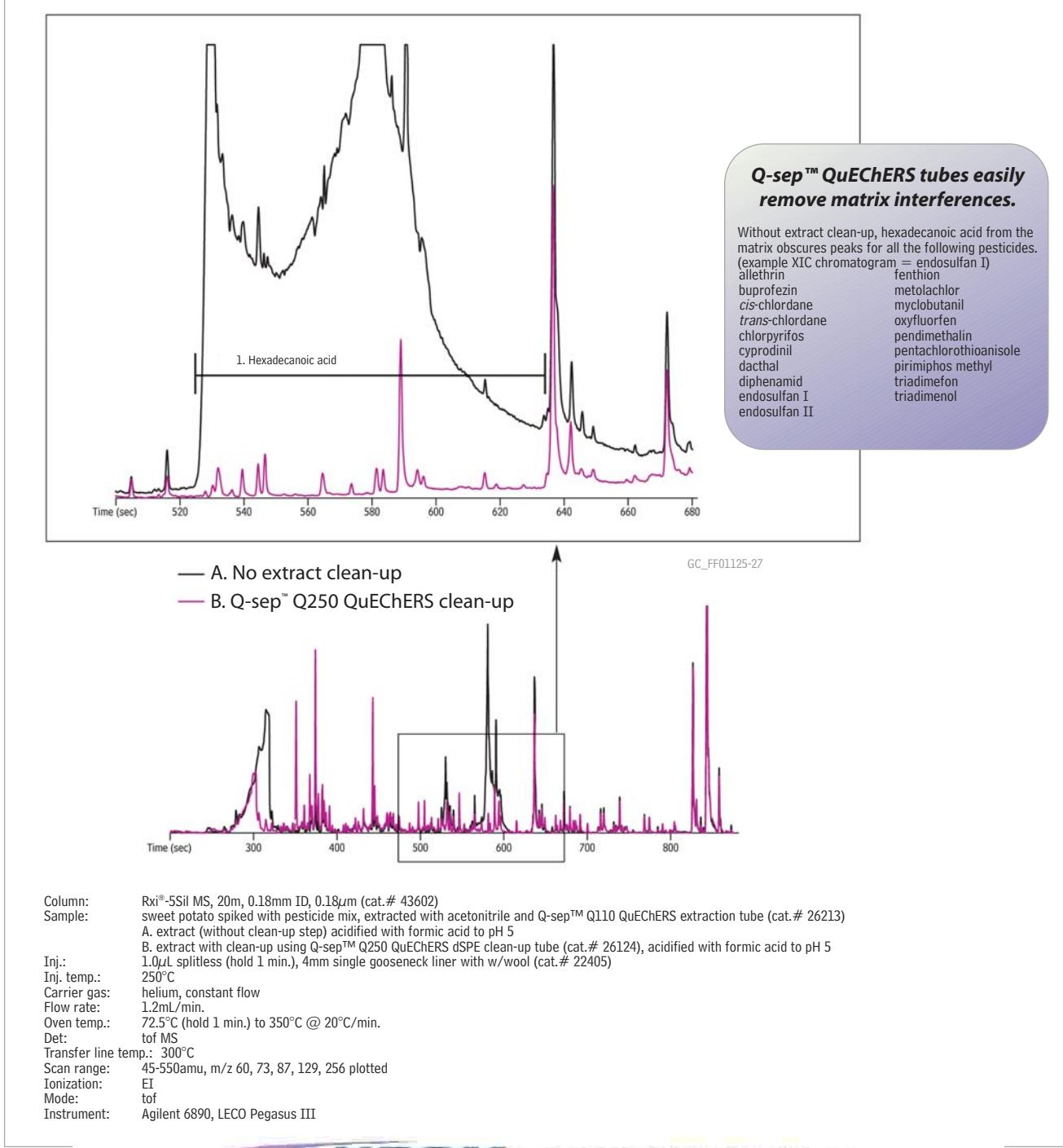
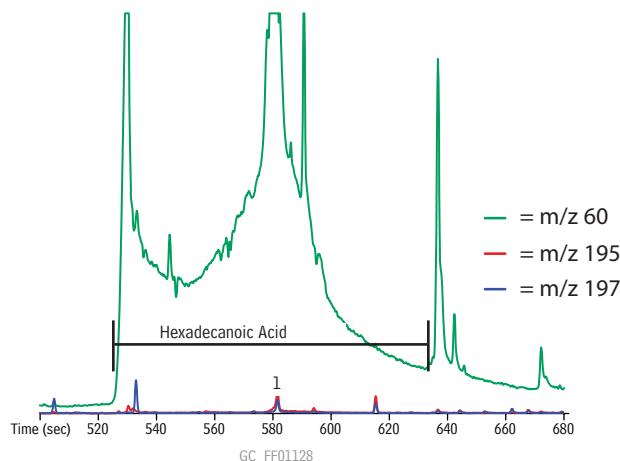


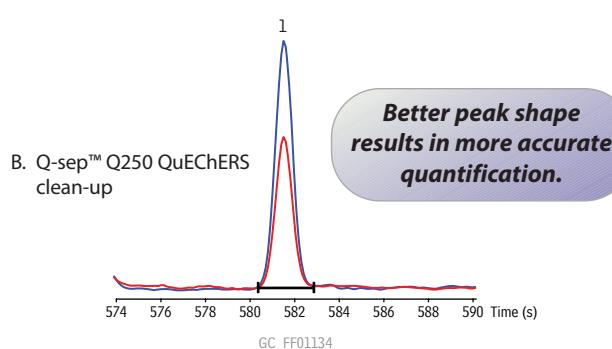
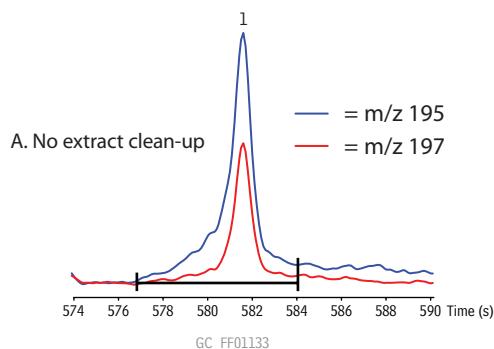
Figure 2 QuEChERS dSPE cleanup significantly improves quantification and identification.

Without cleanup, matrix masks Endosulfan I.

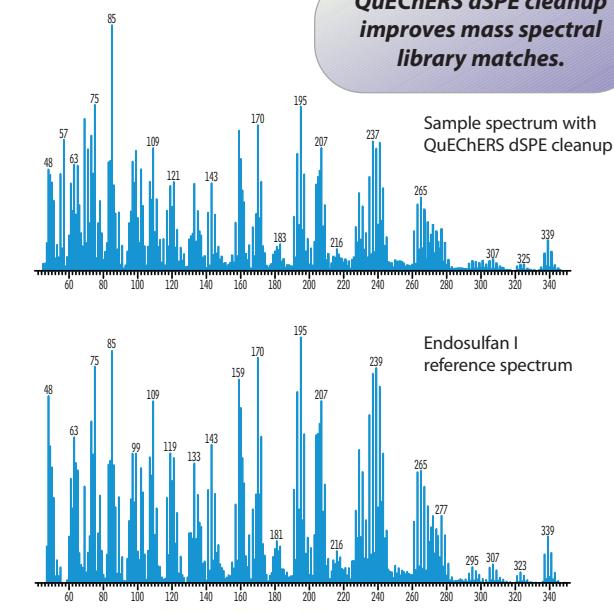
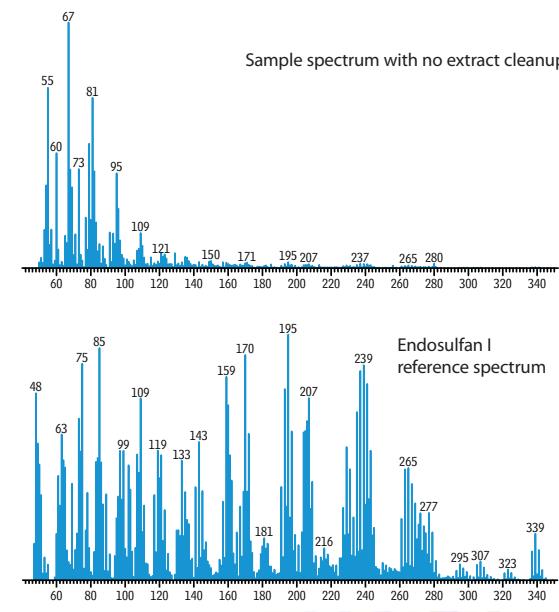


QuEChERS cleanup improves quantification and identification.

Peak Integration (extracted ion chromatograms)



Spectral Identification



Optimize Analysis with Sorbent Choice

Choosing a QuEChERS dSPE Sorbent

Primary and secondary amine exchange material (PSA) is the base sorbent used for QuEChERS dSPE cleanup of fruit and vegetable extracts because it removes many organic acids and sugars that might act as instrumental interferences. In addition, C18 or graphitized carbon black (GCB) may be used to remove lipids or pigments, respectively. Choice of sorbent should be based on matrix composition and target analyte chemistry. Most methods make specific recommendations for acidic, basic, and planar pesticides, which may require additional considerations.

As seen in Table II, GCB can have a negative effect on the recoveries of certain pesticides that can assume planar shapes (e.g. chlorothalonil and thiabendazole). The work shown here was done with 50mg GCB per mL extract, which emphasizes this effect. The EN 15662 QuEChERS method recommends less GCB, which improves recoveries of planar pesticides, but still assures the removal of pigments that can degrade GC/MS performance. To simplify and speed up sample prep, Restek QuEChERS tubes are available in the sorbent combinations and amounts specified by EN 15662 and the AOAC methods.

Table II Select sorbents based on matrix and target analyte chemistry. (Percent recovery using C18 or GCB, relative to PSA alone).

Rt (min.)	pesticide	CAS Number	action/use	classification	C18*	GCB**
9.50	dichlorvos	62-73-7	insecticide	organophosphorus	111	116
9.67	methamidophos	10265-92-6	insecticide	organophosphorus	105	107
11.75	mevinphos	7786-34-7	insecticide	organophosphorus	112	130
12.02	<i>o</i> -phenylphenol	90-43-7	fungicide	unclassified	106	97
12.14	acephate	30560-19-1	insecticide	organophosphorus	128	147
13.89	omethoate	1113-02-6	insecticide	organophosphorus	120	119
14.74	diazinon	333-41-5	insecticide	organophosphorus	108	127
14.98	dimethoate	60-51-5	insecticide	organophosphorus	124	151
15.69	chlorothalonil	1897-45-6	fungicide	organochlorine	125	13
15.86	vinclozolin	50471-44-8	fungicide	organochlorine	102	98
16.21	metalaxyl	57837-19-1	fungicide	organonitrogen	105	117
16.28	carbaryl	63-25-2	insecticide	carbamate	114	111
16.60	malathion	121-75-5	insecticide	organophosphorus	124	160
16.67	dichlofuanid	1085-98-9	fungicide	organohalogen	122	103
17.51	thiabendazole	148-79-8	fungicide	organonitrogen	88	14
17.70	captan	133-06-2	fungicide	organochlorine	88	91
17.76	folpet	133-07-3	fungicide	organochlorine	108	63
18.23	imazalil	35554-44-0	fungicide	organonitrogen	115	95
18.39	endrin	72-20-8	insecticide	organochlorine	104	101
18.62	myclobutanil	88671-89-0	fungicide	organonitrogen	119	114
19.07	4,4-DDT	50-29-3	insecticide	organochlorine	102	95
19.22	fenhexamid	126833-17-8	fungicide	organochlorine	118	77
19.40	propargite 1	2312-35-8	acaricide	organosulfur	110	95
19.43	propargite 2	2312-35-8	acaricide	organosulfur	121	114
19.75	bifenthrin	82657-04-3	insecticide	pyrethroid	106	81
20.04	dicofol	115-32-2	acaricide	organochlorine	98	54
20.05	iprodione	36734-19-7	fungicide	organonitrogen	118	90
20.21	fenpropathrin	39515-41-8	insecticide	pyrethroid	113	96
21.32	cis-permethrin	52645-53-1	insecticide	pyrethroid	106	65
21.47	trans-permethrin	51877-74-8	insecticide	pyrethroid	109	71
23.74	deltamethrin	52918-63-5	insecticide	pyrethroid	97	52

*50mg PSA, 50mg C18, **50mg PSA, 50mg GCB

% recovery = $\frac{\text{RRF C18 or GCB}}{\text{RRF PSA}}$ X 100

Strawberry extracts were spiked at 200ng/mL with pesticides and subjected to dSPE with PSA only. Results were used to generate single point calibration curves. Spiked extracts were then subjected to additional dSPE sorbents (either C18 or GCB). Results are shown as percent recoveries relative to PSA alone.

Sorbent Guide

Sorbent Removes

PSA* sugars, fatty acids, organic acids, anthocyanine pigments
C18 lipids, nonpolar interferences

GCB** pigments, sterols, nonpolar interferences

*PSA—primary and secondary amine exchange material

**GCB—graphitized carbon black



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Example dSPE Cleanup: PAHs in Infant Formula

Analyzing polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) in infant formula can be difficult as both the target analytes and certain matrix elements are lipophilic in nature and difficult to separate. Proper sorbent choice is critical to removing matrix interferences, while assuring good PAH recoveries. When choosing a sorbent, target analyte and matrix component chemistry must be considered. PAHs are relatively non-polar, planar compounds with no pH-dependent functional groups. Infant formula typically contains significant amount of sugars and can be fortified with fatty acids.

Here, PSA was chosen for dSPE cleanup since both sugars and fatty acids can be removed through hydrogen bonding. Using PSA to remove these matrix compounds is optimal, because it will not bind to the relatively nonpolar PAHs, thus ensuring they remain available for analysis. C18 should not be used here because lipophilic PAHs could also be removed. Similarly, GCB is not recommended, because it also can bind planar PAHs. (Note: GCB is not needed since infant formula does not contain pigments.) Based on the chemical structure of the analytes of interest, as well as the most dominant matrix compounds, PSA is the best choice when analyzing PAHs in infant formula.

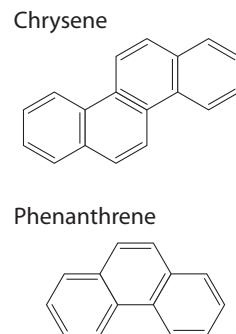
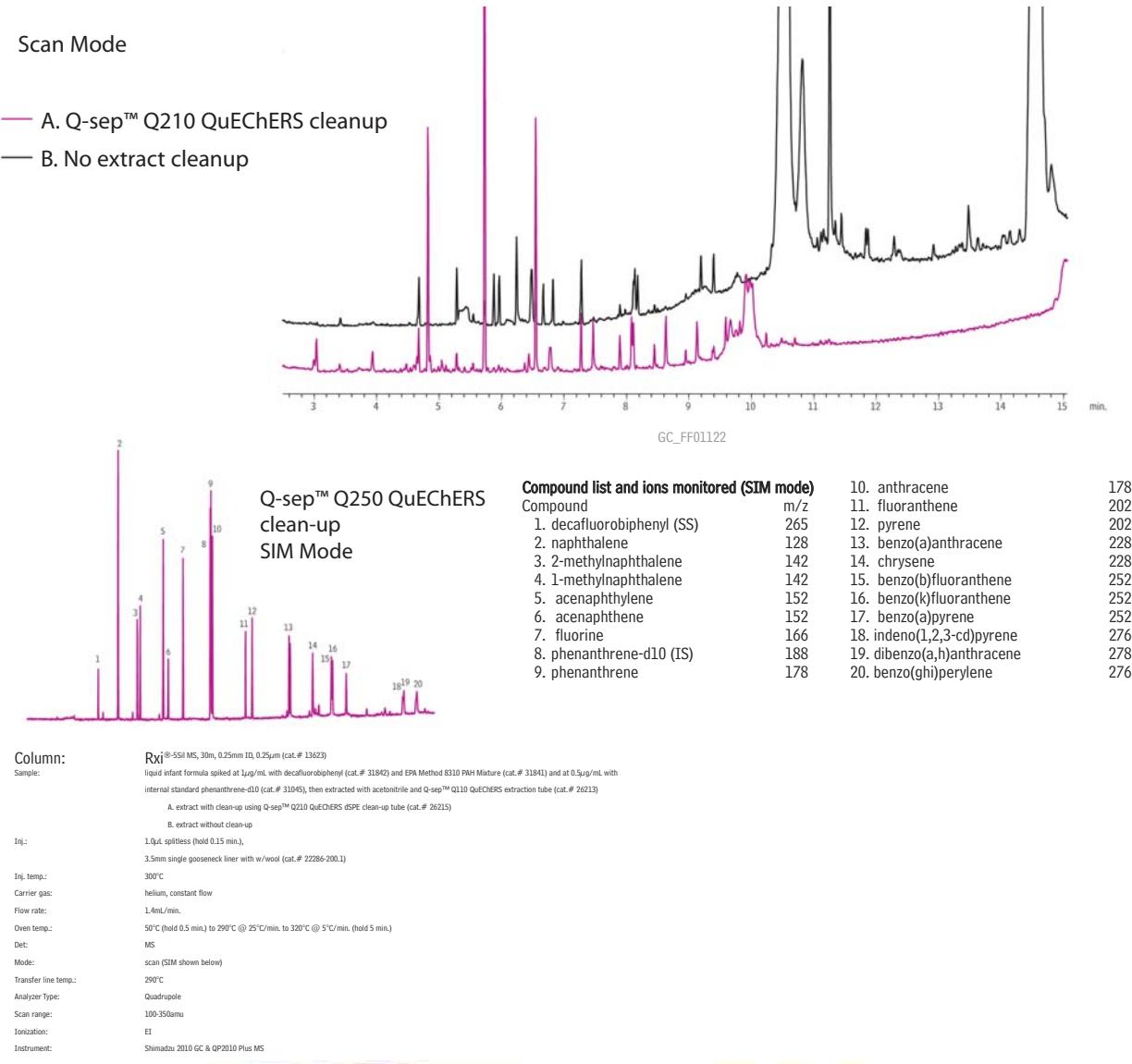


Figure 3 PSA is ideal for removing matrix sugars and fatty acids while leaving PAHs behind for analysis.



Rugged Technique...

QuEChERS Methods for Complex and Varied Matrices

QuEChERS has been successfully applied to many different types of matrices. When developing procedures for your lab, start with these selected references—or visit www.restek.com/quechers for an expanded version that includes hyperlinks. (Note: references not available from Restek.)

General/Original

1. Fast and Easy Multiresidue Method Employing Acetonitrile Extraction/Partitioning and "Dispersive Solid-Phase Extraction" for the Determination of Pesticide Residues in Produce. (M. Anastassiades, S.J. Lehotay, D. Stajnbaher, F.J. Schenck, J. AOAC International 86 (2003) 412.)
2. QuEChERS—A Mini-Multiresidue Method for the Analysis of Pesticide Residues in Low-Fat Products.
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4. Foods of Plant Origin—Determination of Pesticide Residues Using GC-MS and/or LC-MS/MS Following Acetonitrile Extraction/Partitioning and Clean-up by Dispersive SPE (QuEChERS-method). (EN 15662 Version 2008.)
5. Matrix Effects in Pesticide Multi-Residue Analysis by Liquid Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry.
(A. Kruve, A. Künnapas, K. Herodes, I. Leito, J. Chromatogr. A 1187 (2008) 58.)
6. Use of Automated Direct Sample Introduction with Analyte Protectants in the GC-MS Analysis of Pesticide Residues.
(T. Cajka, K. Mastovská, S.J. Lehotay, J. Hajslová, J. Sep. Sci. 28 (2005) 1048.)

General Fruits and Vegetables

7. Validation of a Fast and Easy Method for the Determination of Residues from 229 Pesticides in Fruits and Vegetables Using Gas and Liquid Chromatography and Mass Spectrometric Detection. (S.J. Lehotay, A. de Kok, M. Hiemstra, P. Van Bodegraven, J. AOAC Int. 88 (2005) 595.)
8. Determination of Pesticide Residues in Foods by Acetonitrile Extraction and Partitioning with Magnesium Sulfate: Collaborative Study.
(S.J. Lehotay, J. AOAC Int. 90 (2007) 485.)
9. Validation and Uncertainty Study of a Comprehensive List of 160 Pesticide Residues in Multi-Class Vegetables by Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry. (B. Kmellár, P. Fodor, L. Pareja, C. Ferrer, M.A. Martínez-Uroz, A. Valverde, A.R. Fernandez-Alba, J. Chromatogr. A 1215 (2008) 37.)
10. Multiresidue Analysis of 102 Organophosphorus Pesticides in Produce at Parts-Per-Billion Levels Using a Modified QuEChERS Method and Gas Chromatography with Pulsed Flame Photometric Detection. (F. Schenck, J. Wong, C. Lu, J. Li, J.R. Holcomb, L.M. Mitchell, J. AOAC Int. 92 (2009) 561.)
11. Multiresidue Pesticide Analysis of Wines by Dispersive Solid-Phase Extraction and Ultrahigh-Performance Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry. (K. Zhang, J.W. Wong, D.G. Hayward, P. Sheladria, A.J. Krynietsky, F.J. Schenck, M.G. Webster, J.A. Ammann, S.E. Ebeler, J. Agric. Food Chem. (2009) [published online ahead of print April 17, 2009] (accessed June 25, 2009).)

Dairy and Fatty Matrices

12. Evaluation of the QuEChERS Sample Preparation Approach for the Analysis of Pesticide Residues in Olives.
(S.C. Cunha, S.J. Lehotay, K. Mastovska, J.O. Fernandes, M. Beatriz, RP Oliveira, J. Sep. Sci. 30 (2007) 620.)
13. Evaluation of two Fast and Easy Methods for Pesticide Residue Analysis in Fatty Food Matrixes.
(S.J. Lehotay, K. Mastovská, S.J. Yun, J. AOAC Int. 88 (2005) 630.)
14. Multi-Residue Determination of Veterinary Drugs in Milk by Ultra-High-Pressure Liquid Chromatography-Tandem Mass Spectrometry.
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Grains, Nuts, and Seeds

17. Comparison of an Acetonitrile Extraction/Partitioning and "Dispersive Solid-Phase Extraction" Method with Classical Multi-Residue Methods for the Extraction of Herbicide Residues in Barley Samples. (C. Díez, W.A. Traag, P. Zommer, P. Marinero, J. Atienza, J. Chromatogr. A 1131 (2006) 11.)
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Baby Food

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Non-Food Matrices

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Muscle and Tissues

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- Convenient, method-specific standards.

QuEChERS methods are fast, easy, and cost-effective, and Restek Q-sep™ products make QuEChERS procedures even simpler. All sorbents and sample tubes are included—no specialized equipment or glassware is required. Prepare samples more efficiently with a complete line of QuEChERS supplies from Restek.



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technical information.

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Chlorinated waste (mL)	20-30	0	Safer, cheaper, greener
Glassware/specialized equipment	capacity for 200mL, quartz wool, funnel, water bath or evaporator	none	Ready-to-use

Q-sep™ QuEChERS Sample Prep Packets & Tubes



Description	Material	Methods	qty.	cat#
Extraction Salt Packets and 50mL Centrifuge Tubes				
Q110 kit	4g MgSO ₄ , 1g NaCl, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS with 50mL Centrifuge Tube	European EN 15662	50 packets & 50 tubes	26235
Q110 packets	4g MgSO ₄ , 1g NaCl, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS	European EN 15662	50 packets	26236
Q150 kit	6g MgSO ₄ , 1.5g NaOAc, with 50mL Centrifuge Tube	AOAC 2007.01	50 packets & 50 tubes	26237
Q150 packets	6g MgSO ₄ , 1.5g NaOAc	AOAC 2007.01	50 packets	26238
	Empty 50mL Centrifuge Tube		50-pk.	26239
2mL Micro-Centrifuge Tubes for dSPE (clean-up of 1mL extract)				
Q210	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA	European EN 15662	100-pk.	26215
Q211	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA, 25mg C18		100-pk.	26216
Q212	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA, 2.5mg GCB	European EN 15662	100-pk.	26217
Q213	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA, 7.5mg GCB	European EN 15662	100-pk.	26218
Q250	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA	AOAC 2007.01	100-pk.	26124
Q251	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA, 50mg C18	AOAC 2007.01	100-pk.	26125
Q253	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA, 50mg GCB		100-pk.	26123
Q252	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA, 50mg C18, 50mg GCB	AOAC 2007.01	100-pk.	26219
15mL Centrifuge Tubes for dSPE (clean-up of 6mL extract)				
Q350	1200mg MgSO ₄ , 400mg PSA	AOAC 2007.01	50-pk.	26220
Q351	1200mg MgSO ₄ , 400mg PSA, 400mg C18	AOAC 2007.01	50-pk.	26221
Q352	1200mg MgSO ₄ , 400mg PSA, 400mg C18, 400mg GCB	AOAC 2007.01	50-pk.	26222
Q370	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA	European EN 15662	50-pk.	26223
Q371	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA, 15mg GCB	European EN 15662	50-pk.	26224
Q372	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA, 45mg GCB	European EN 15662	50-pk.	26225
Q373	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA, 150mg C18		50-pk.	26226
Q374	900mg MgSO ₄ , 300mg PSA, 150mg GCB		50-pk.	26126

TSCD = trisodium citrate dihydrate

DHS = disodium hydrogen citrate sesquihydrate

NaOAc = sodium acetate

Q-sep™ 3000 Centrifuge

- Meets requirements of AOAC and European QuEChERS methodology.
- Supports 50mL, 15mL, and 2mL centrifuge tubes.
- Small footprint requires less bench space.
- Safe and reliable—UL, CSA, and CE approved, 1-year warranty.

Centrifuge includes 50mL tube carriers (6), 50mL conical tube inserts (6), 4-place 15mL tube carriers (6), and 2mL tube adaptors (24).



Description	qty.	cat.#
Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge, 110V	ea.	26230
Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge, 220V	ea.	26231
Replacement Accessories		
50mL Tube Carrier for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	2-pk.	26232
50mL Conical Tube Insert for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	6-pk.	26249
4-Place Tube Carrier for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	2-pk.	26233
2mL Tube Adaptors for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	4-pk.	26234

GC and HPLC Columns

Rxi®-5Sil MS

(low polarity Crossbond® silarylene phase; selectivity same as DB-5MS)

- Engineered to be a low bleed fused silica GC/MS column.
- Excellent inertness for active compounds.
- Temperature range: -60°C to 350°C.

ID	df (µm)	temp. limits	30-Meter
0.25mm	0.25	-60 to 330/350°C	13623
	0.50	-60 to 330/350°C	13638
ID			20-Meter
0.18mm	0.18	-60 to 330/350°C	43602
	0.36	-60 to 330/350°C	43604

Ultra Aqueous C18 Columns (USP L1)

Physical Characteristics:

particle size: 3µm or 5µm, spherical; pore size: 100Å; carbon load: 15%; endcap: no; pH range: 2.5 to 7.5; temperature limit: 80°C

Chromatographic Properties:

Highly retentive and selective for reversed phase separations of polar analytes. Highly base-deactivated. Compatible with highly aqueous (up to 100%) mobile phases.

Length	1.0mm ID cat.#	2.1mm ID cat.#	3.2mm ID cat.#	4.6mm ID cat.#
3µm Columns				
30mm	9178331	9178332	9178333	9178335
50mm	9178351	9178352	9178353	9178355
100mm	9178311	9178312	9178313	9178315
5µm Columns				
30mm	9178531	9178532	9178533	9178535
50mm	9178551	9178552	9178553	9178555
100mm	9178511	9178512	9178513	9178515
150mm	9178561	9178562	9178563	9178565
200mm	9178521	9178522	9178523	9178525
250mm	9178571	9178572	9178573	9178575

QuEChERS Standards

- Ready to use for QuEChERS extractions—no dilutions necessary.
- Support for GC and HPLC with MS, MS/MS, and selective detectors.



QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for GC/ECD Analysis

PCB 18	50µg/mL	tris-(1,3-dichloroisopropyl) phosphate
PCB 28	50	phosphate
PCB 52	50	triphenylmethane
50µg/mL each in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul cat. # 33265 (ea.)		

QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for GC/MS Analysis

PCB 18	50µg/mL	tris-(1,3-dichloroisopropyl) phosphate
PCB 28	50	phosphate
PCB 52	50	triphenylmethane
In acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul cat. # 33267 (ea.)		

QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for GC/NPD and LC/MS/MS Analysis

triphenyl phosphate	20µg/mL
tris-(1,3-dichloroisopropyl)phosphate	50µg/mL
In acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	
cat. # 33266 (ea.)	

QuEChERS Single-Component Reference Standards

Concentration is µg/mL. ACN=acetonitrile

Compound	Solvent	Conc.	cat.# (ea.)
PCB 18 (5mL)	ACN	50	33255
PCB 28 (5mL)	ACN	50	33256
PCB 52 (5mL)	ACN	50	33257
PCB 138 (5mL)	ACN	50	33262
PCB 153 (5mL)	ACN	50	33263
triphenylmethane (5mL)	ACN	10	33260
triphenylphosphate (5mL)	ACN	20	33258
tris(1,3-dichloroisopropyl) phosphate (5mL)	ACN	50	33259

QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for LC/MS/MS Analysis

nicarbazin	
10µg/mL in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	cat. # 33261 (ea.)

QuEChERS Quality Control Standards for GC/MS Analysis

PCB 138	PCB 153
50µg/mL each in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	cat. # 33268 (ea.)

anthracene	
100µg/mL in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	cat. # 33264 (ea.)

Selection Guide for Q-sep™ Extraction and dSPE Tubes

Commodity types and examples		AOAC 2007.1	EN 15662	Mini-muti residue	Additional products
	General purpose <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Celery• Head lettuce• Cucumber• Melon	Q-sep Q250 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26124) Q-sep Q350 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26220)	Q-sep Q210 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26215) Q-sep Q370 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26223)	Q-sep Q210 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26215)	
	Fatty or waxy fruits & vegetables <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Cereals• Avocado• Nuts & seeds• Dairy	Q-sep Q251 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26125) Q-sep Q351 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26221)		Q-sep Q211 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26216)	Q-sep Q373 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26226)
	Pigmented fruits & vegetables <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Strawberries• Sweet potatoes• Tomatoes	Q-sep Q352 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26222)	Q-sep Q212 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26217) Q-sep Q371 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26224)	Q-sep Q212 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26217)	Q-sep Q253 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26123)
	Highly pigmented fruits & vegetables <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Red peppers• Spinach• Blueberries	Q-sep Q252 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26219)	Q-sep Q213 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26218) Q-sep Q372 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26225)	Q-sep Q213 2mL, 100-pk. (cat.# 26218)	Q-sep Q374 15mL, 50-pk. (cat.# 26126)
Download free instructions at www.restek.com/quechers		Instruction sheet# 805-01 002	Instruction sheet# 805-01 001	Instruction sheet# 805-01 001	Generic dSPE 805-01 003

PATENTS & TRADEMARKS

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New Product Supplement



Restek Q-sep™ QuEChERS Products

Fast, Simple Sample Prep for Multi-Residue Pesticide Analysis

- Ready-to-use tubes, no glassware required.
- Preweighed, ultra-pure sorbents.
- Convenient, method-specific standards.

QuEChERS methods are fast, easy, and cost-effective, and Restek Q-sep™ products make QuEChERS procedures even simpler. All sorbents and sample tubes are included—no specialized equipment or glassware is required. Prepare samples more efficiently with a complete line of QuEChERS supplies from Restek.



Visit www.restek.com/quechers
for new products & detailed
technical information.

Table I Prepare samples more quickly, easily, and cost-effectively with QuEChERS.

	Mini-Luke or Modified Luke Method	QuEChERS	Savings with QuEChERS
Estimated time to process 6 samples (min.)	120	30	4x faster
Solvent used (mL)	60-90	10	6-9x less solvent
Chlorinated waste (mL)	20-30	0	Safer, cheaper, greener
Glassware/specialized equipment	capacity for 200mL, quartz wool, funnel, water bath or evaporator	none	Ready-to-use

Q-sep™ QuEChERS Sample Prep Packets & Tubes



Description	Material	Methods	qty.	cat#
Extraction Salt Packets and 50mL Centrifuge Tubes				
Q110 kit	4g MgSO ₄ , 1g NaCl, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS with 50mL Centrifuge Tube	European EN 15662	50 packets & 50 tubes	26235
Q110 packets	4g MgSO ₄ , 1g NaCl, 1g TSCD, 0.5g DHS	European EN 15662	50 packets	26236
Q150 kit	6g MgSO ₄ , 1.5g NaOAc, with 50mL Centrifuge Tube	AOAC 2007.01	50 packets & 50 tubes	26237
Q150 packets	6g MgSO ₄ , 1.5g NaOAc	AOAC 2007.01	50 packets	26238
Empty 50mL Centrifuge Tube			50-pk.	26239
2mL Micro-Centrifuge Tubes for dSPE (clean-up of 1mL extract)				
Q210	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA	European EN 15662	100-pk.	26215
Q211	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA, 25mg C18		100-pk.	26216
Q212	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA, 2.5mg GCB	European EN 15662	100-pk.	26217
Q213	150mg MgSO ₄ , 25mg PSA, 7.5mg GCB	European EN 15662	100-pk.	26218
Q250	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA	AOAC 2007.01	100-pk.	26124
Q251	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA, 50mg C18	AOAC 2007.01	100-pk.	26125
Q253	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA, 50mg GCB		100-pk.	26123
Q252	150mg MgSO ₄ , 50mg PSA, 50mg C18, 50mg GCB	AOAC 2007.01	100-pk.	26219
15mL Centrifuge Tubes for dSPE (clean-up of 6mL extract)				
Q350	1200mg MgSO ₄ , 400mg PSA	AOAC 2007.01	50-pk.	26220
Q351	1200mg MgSO ₄ , 400mg PSA, 400mg C18	AOAC 2007.01	50-pk.	26221
Q352	1200mg MgSO ₄ , 400mg PSA, 400mg C18, 400mg GCB	AOAC 2007.01	50-pk.	26222
Q370	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA	European EN 15662	50-pk.	26223
Q371	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA, 15mg GCB	European EN 15662	50-pk.	26224
Q372	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA, 45mg GCB	European EN 15662	50-pk.	26225
Q373	900mg MgSO ₄ , 150mg PSA, 150mg C18		50-pk.	26226
Q374	900mg MgSO ₄ , 300mg PSA, 150mg GCB		50-pk.	26126

TSCD = trisodium citrate dihydrate

DHS = disodium hydrogen citrate sesquihydrate

NaOAc = sodium acetate



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AUSTRALIAN Distributors www.chromtech.net.au 10

Q-sep™ 3000 Centrifuge

- Meets requirements of AOAC and European QuEChERS methodology.
- Supports 50mL, 15mL, and 2mL centrifuge tubes.
- Small footprint requires less bench space.
- Safe and reliable—UL, CSA, and CE approved, 1-year warranty.

Centrifuge includes 50mL tube carriers (6), 50mL conical tube inserts (6), 4-place 15mL tube carriers (6), and 2mL tube adaptors (24).



Description

	qty.	cat.#
Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge, 110V	ea.	26230
Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge, 220V	ea.	26231

Replacement Accessories

50mL Tube Carrier for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	2-pk.	26232
50mL Conical Tube Insert for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	6-pk.	26249
4-Place Tube Carrier for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	2-pk.	26233
2mL Tube Adaptors for Q-sep 3000 Centrifuge	4-pk.	26234

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Rxi®-5Sil MS

(low polarity Crossbond® silarylene phase; selectivity same as DB-5MS)

- Engineered to be a low bleed fused silica GC/MS column.
- Excellent inertness for active compounds.
- Temperature range: -60°C to 350°C.

ID	df (μm)	temp. limits	30-Meter
0.25mm	0.25	-60 to 330/350°C	13623
	0.50	-60 to 330/350°C	13638
ID	df (μm)	temp. limits	20-Meter
0.18mm	0.18	-60 to 330/350°C	43602
	0.36	-60 to 330/350°C	43604

Ultra Aqueous C18 Columns (USP L1)

Physical Characteristics:

particle size: 3μm or 5μm, spherical; pore size: 100Å; carbon load: 15%; endcap: no; pH range: 2.5 to 7.5; temperature limit: 80°C

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100mm	9178311	9178312	9178313	9178315
5μm Columns				
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100mm	9178511	9178512	9178513	9178515
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250mm	9178571	9178572	9178573	9178575

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QuEChERS Standards

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- Support for GC and HPLC with MS, MS/MS, and selective detectors.



QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for GC/ECD Analysis

PCB 18	50μg/mL each in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	tris-(1,3-dichloroisopropyl) phosphate
PCB 28	50	phosphate
PCB 52	50	triphenylmethane

cat. # 33265 (ea.)

QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for GC/MS Analysis

PCB 18	50μg/mL	tris-(1,3-dichloroisopropyl)
PCB 28	50	phosphate
PCB 52	50	triphenylmethane
triphenyl phosphate	20	

In acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul
cat. # 33267 (ea.)

QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for GC/NPD and LC/MS/MS Analysis

triphenyl phosphate	20μg/mL
tris-(1,3-dichloroisopropyl)phosphate	50μg/mL
In acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	
cat. # 33266 (ea.)	

QuEChERS Single-Component Reference Standards

Concentration is μg/mL. ACN=acetonitrile

Compound	Solvent	Conc.	cat.# (ea.)
PCB 18 (5mL)	ACN	50	33255
PCB 28 (5mL)	ACN	50	33256
PCB 52 (5mL)	ACN	50	33257
PCB 138 (5mL)	ACN	50	33262
PCB 153 (5mL)	ACN	50	33263
triphenylmethane (5mL)	ACN	10	33260
triphenylphosphate (5mL)	ACN	20	33258
tris(1,3-dichloroisopropyl)phosphate (5mL)	ACN	50	33259

QuEChERS Internal Standard Mix for LC/MS/MS Analysis

nicarbazin	
10μg/mL in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	cat. # 33261 (ea.)

QuEChERS Quality Control Standards for GC/MS Analysis

PCB 138	PCB 153
50μg/mL each in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul	cat. # 33268 (ea.)

anthracene
100μg/mL in acetonitrile, 5mL/ampul
cat. # 33264 (ea.)



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